

Cryogenics, Accelerators and Targets at HIE-ISOLDE

CATHI 2nd Periodic Report

Project activity report for the period: 01/11/2012-31/10/2014

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This work is part of CATHI Work Package 0: Project management.

Content

1.	WP0: Management of the CATHI project
2.	WP1: Superconducting Cavity Developments and Tests 6
3.	WP2: Beam Instrumentation Development
4.	WP3: Warm Magnet Design16
5.	WP4: Linac Integration and Innovative Alignment Method19
6.	WP5: Superconducting Linac Commissioning23
7.	WP6: ISOL Target & Front-End Upgrade Studies27
8.	WP7: ISOLDE Target Area and Class-A Laboratory Upgrade34
9.	WP8: Radioactive Ion Beam Quality Improvement40
10.	WP9: General Safety and Radiation Protection47

1. WP0: Management of the CATHI project

Main achievements

Realization of the CATHI sharepoint website

Completion of the sixteen ESR and three ER recruitments (ER1 recruited on 1/1/2013) Outreach:

- Realization of the CATHI "take part" video;
- Organization of the Marie Curie poster session for the visit of Ms. Androulla Vassiliou, Commissioner of Education, Culture, Multilingualism and Youth, CERN, 15 Apr. 2013
- Volunteering for the Expanding Your Horizons Event, Geneva Switzerland, 16 Sept. 2013
- Participation in the CERN Open Days event 28-29 Sep. 2013
- Presentations at the monthly EN-STI Student's Coffee meetings
- Meeting with the European Commissioner for Research, CERN, 19 May 2014

Dissemination:

- Sponsorship of young researchers for attending EMIS2012 (2-7 Dec. 2012 in Riken, Japan), SRF2013 (23-27 Sep. 2013 in Paris, France) and ThEC2013 (27-31 Oct. 2013 at CERN) International Conferences
- Organisation of the Annual CATHI Technical Workshop held on 28-29 Nov. 2013
- Co-organisation of the African School of Physics, Dakar Senegal, 11-21 Aug. 2014
- · Organization and chairing of monthly CATHI fellows meetings, CERN
- Organization of the final CATHI meeting, 22-26 Sep. 2014
- Editing and archiving of all technical and scientific reports (>120 including 47 deliverables and 40 milestones)
- Editing of the CATHI final report

Summary of WP0 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D00	OWSF	Overall Web Site Frame ready	1	Achieved month 1
D01	AR1	1 st Progress Report	12	Achieved month 21
D02	PR1	1 st Periodic Report	24	Achieved month 29
D03	AR2	2 nd Progress Report	36	Achieved month 41
D04	PR2	2 nd Periodic Report	48	Achieved month 51
D05	FPR	Final Project Report	48	Achieved month 51

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M01	OKM	Organization of the Kickoff meeting	1	Achieved month 1
M02	ESRA	First ESR Appointment	3	Achieved month 5
M03	CRR	Complete recruitment of all ESR and	12	Achieved month 15 for ESR
		ER		Achieved month 26 for ER

Summary of past and planned meetings

	Date	Venue	Attendanc e	Objective(s)
Kick-off meeting	23/05/11	CERN	≈ 30	Launch CATHI-ITN
	14/11/11	CERN	≈30	1 st General meeting
General	12/12/12	CERN	25	Prepare ISOLDE Meeting on 17-19 Dec
Meetings	28-29/11/13	CERN	115	1st CATHI Technical Workshop
	22-26/09/14	Barcelona	63	CATHI Final Review Meeting
	12/12/11	CERN	15	Review administrative, financial issues and
	07/08/12	CERN	-	the progress within each WP Prepare the mid-term review on 26 Sep
	12/12/12	CERN	12	•
	20/03/13	CERN	8	Preparation of the 1 st Periodic Report
	26/03/13	CERN	2	
	17/04/13	CERN	5	Review administrative, financial issues and the progress within each WP
CSMB	07/01/14	CERN	8	Kick-Off meeting for the organisation of the CATHI Final meeting
	13/03/14	CERN	4	Review of the CATHI Progress report #2
	04/04/14	CERN	8	Preparation of the CATHI Final meeting
	24/04/14	CERN	4	CATHI budget review
	28/04/14	CERN	7	<u>-</u>
	19/05/14	CERN	6	Preparation of the African School of Physics
	12/06/14	CERN	7	Preparation of the CATHI Final meeting
	03/07/14	CERN	4	Review of Milestones & Deliverables – ER2
	18/07/14	CERN	3	CATHI budget review
	22/11/11	CERN	9	
	13/12/11	CERN	9	Follow-up the progress of the individual
	09/02/12	CERN	10	research projects and review the integration of the Researchers.
	04/05/12	CERN	12	of the Researchers.
	14/08/12	CERN	9	D 41 :14 : 26.6
	19/09/12	CERN	22	Prepare the mid-term review on 26 Sep
	10/10/12	CERN	16	Follow-up the progress of the individual research projects
	23/10/12	CERN	7	Preparation of the CERN Engineering School
	31/10/12	CERN	16	Presentation of career opportunities and Marie-Curie Fellow Association
GD) (28/11/12	CERN	12	Report on the Marie-Curie annual conference
CFM	09/01/13	CERN	25	Gathering Galettes des Rois
	30/01/13	CERN	14	Organization of technical courses for 2013 and outreach activities
	06/03/13	CERN	18	Setting up of CATHI Blog
	23/08/13	CERN	19	General discussion on end-of-contract issues and preparation for CERN Open Days
	16/01/14	CERN	4	Presentation of ESR17
	28/01/14	CERN	16	Organization of training course in Project Management and End-of-Contract issues
	30/04/14	CERN	45	Farewell party of ESR2
	19/06/14	CERN	19	Moving from academia to industry – by the Head of the Knowledge Transfer Group
MTR	26/09/12	CERN	≈30	CATHI Mid-Term Review
WITH	20/07/12	CLIUI	50	CHITTI WING TOTHI ROVIOW

- The management team meets as needed and interacts regularly with WP coordinators.
- The CATHI Supervisory Board and Management Committee (CSMB) meets on the occasion of the general meetings and specifically at least every 6 months, or more frequently if required.
- The CATHI Fellow meetings (CFM) take place every month and is attended by the Project Coordinators.

Documents produced

Title	Type	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Press article in CERN bulletin	-	-	11
CERN Annual Report 2011	-	-	17
Progress report #1	Report	12	21
Mid-Term report	Report	24	29
Progress report #2	Report	36	41
Periodic report #2	Report	48	51
Final Project report	Report	48	51

Further comments

The HIE ($\underline{\mathbf{H}}$ igh $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ ntensity and $\underline{\mathbf{E}}$ nergy)-ISOLDE project embraces new developments in radioisotope selection, improvements in charge-breeding and target-ion source development. For extending the physics reach of the facility, the most significant component is the Superconducting linear accelerator with a minimum energy of 10 MeV/u (HIE-LINAC) which will replace most of the existing ISOLDE post accelerator.

It must be stressed that the design and construction of a SC accelerator is a highly multidisciplinary task. The R&D activities of the ESRs and ERs are broken down into nine work packages (1-9) summarized below.

Moreover the collaboration with the Associated Partners has been strengthened all along the project through the participation to the R&D activities and the hosting of the CATHI fellows during their secondment periods.

Seven new Associated Partners have joined the CATHI project:

- 1. University of Liverpool (UK)
- 2. University of Manchester (UK)
- 3. Department of Nuclear Physics, DSM-IRFU (CEA-Saclay, France)
- 4. Brookhaven National Laboratory (USA)
- 5. Brandeis University (USA)
- 6. Technical University of Liberec (Czech Republic)
- 7. Regional Centre for Special Optics and Optoelectronics Systems, TOPTEC, Turnov (Czech Republic)

2. WP1: Superconducting Cavity Developments and Tests

Work package	1	Start date or starting	Month 7
number		event:	
Work package title	SuperConducting Cavity Developr	nent and Tests	
Activity Type	RTD		
Dangan manths	96 (ESR1: N. M. Jecklin, 3	66 months; ESR2: I. Mor	ndino, 36 months
Person-months	and ER1: Pei Zhang, 22 months)	•	
Associated Partners	IPN-Orsay, INFN-LNL, SDMS, Z.	ANON, CINEL, CI	
	Develop techniques to realize an	d test a SuperConducting res	onant cavity of the
Objectives	quarter-wave type (QWR) using	the technology of niobium file	m sputtering over a
	copper substrate at HIE-ISOLDE.		
	1. ESR2: Specification and conceptual study of the SC cavity and subsequent		
	realization of the prototype low-beta cavity.		
	2. ESR2: Setup of the cryomodule test stand and cold tests of the SC cavity		
Description of work	(investigation of Q-drop effect).		
Description of work	3. ER1 : Development of QWR frequency tuning strategy, QWR multipacting study		
	and design study of the low-beta cavity.		
	4. ESR1 : Development and qualification of Niobium thin film sputtering techniques		
	on the prototype and series high-beta copper cavities.		
	D06. Report on the SC cavity baseline mounting and sputtering (ESR1)		
	D07. Report on the SC cavity performance measurements (ESR2)		
Delimonables	D08. Report/publication on the QWR frequency tuning strategy (ER1)		
Deliverables	D09. Report on the multipacting st	udy of the high-beta cavity (EF	<u>R1</u>)
	D10. Final report and/or journal	publications on the QWR Car	vity Dev. and Tests
	(ESR2)		

Main achievements

Continuing effort has been put in the upgrade of the coating facility and the optimization of the coating process. The workflow to produce and characterize a test Nb coated cavity has been consolidated in view of the reception of the series cavities from industry. A crucial milestone was reached in June 2013 when the test cavity Q2_8 reached 6 MV/m at 7 W dissipated power, which is 30% better then the specifications for HIE ISOLDE and will allow - in the first phase of the project-running at 5.5 MeV/a up to A/q =4.5. This improved RF performance was reproduced on other test cavities and the first series production cavity QP2 in October 2013.

The SRF program for the HIE-ISOLDE project, focused on the development of Nb sputtered QWR generating 6 MV/m at 10 W power dissipation was vigorously pursued in 2012 in collaboration with our Associated Partners (IPN-Orsay, INFN-LNL and TRIUMF) with encouraging results. A second RF test cryostat for Quarter Wave Resonators was setup in IPN-Orsay, a third test cryostat is under construction in INFN-Legnaro laboratory. Links with our Associated Partners in Industry is strengthening as we proceed with the industrialisation of the series QWRs (Zollern and Research Instruments in Germany for the forging and machining of the copper substrates respectively.

ER1 main achievement (Pei Zhang):

<u>Tuning strategy</u>: The tuning strategy of the high-beta cavity has been developed. We decided to take a two-step tuning strategy for all the high-beta cavities in order to decouple the cause of the cavity frequency shift. The cavities will be firstly pre-tuned after the production to compensate the manufacturing error by changing the outer cavity length. Then a tuning system has been designed to compensate variability of frequency shift during the cool-down process.

This tuning strategy significantly simplified the tuning system design and consequently reduces the production cost. The cavity inner conductor has also been elongated by 2.5mm to fulfil the sensitivity of the new tuning plate. Two such simplified plates have been produced by CERN MME group, subsequently sputtered with niobium and tested with cavity at cold. Both the sensitivity and the coarse tuning range have reached the design target and reported in the SRF2013 paper [2]. The problem of frequency shift after trimming before cold test has been solved. It can be attributed to the cavity surface treatment, where the frequency shift has a linear dependence on the duration of cavity staying in the chemical solution bath. Taken this frequency shift into account, the frequency tuning strategy is now complete and has been successfully applied on series cavities. The tuning error is a few kHz which can be well recovered by the coarse range of 40 kHz for the current tuning systemt The whole tuning strategy is documented in a technical report (D08).

<u>Multipacting study</u>: The study of multipacting in high-beta cavity has been conducted by simulation using CST Particle Studio. The multipacting barrier has been predicted and reported on an internal meeting. The predictions are consistent with the cavity RF test. The multipacting study using another simulation code ACE3P is underway. A report (D09) on the multipacting study using CST and ACE3P was produced.

<u>Low-beta cavity design study:</u> The main parameter of the low-beta cavity has been worked out together with colleagues doing beam dynamics. The simulations results have been benchmarked with different computer codes. The multipacting study of low-beta cavity is also planned using both CST Particle Studio and ACE3P. The RF design of the low-beta cavity is complete. Based on this design, the mechanical design has been launched.

Others: The frequency sensitivity due to cavity geometry changes has been studied with simulations for high-beta cavities. This is important to evaluate the frequency errors from cavity deformation at different locations. A report is in preparation. The impact of defects on the sputtered niobium surface on the cavity quality factor has been studied with simulations. This serves as a guide to understand the cavity behaviour during the RF cold test and give some hints to set the requirements for niobium thin film sputtering. Two technical reports have been completed and published as CERN notes. One is on frequency sensitivity due to cavity geometry changes. The other one is about the impact of defects on cavity quality factor.

ESR1 main achievement (Noémie Jecklin):

<u>Coating optimization:</u> The main issues encountered on the coating during year 2012-2013 (for example: too low temperature bakeout, peel-off and matness of coating on inner conductor tip, lack of thickness at the top of the cavity corresponding to the high magnetic field region) have been addressed and this allowed to exceed the HIE-ISOLDE specifications. The main steps undertaken during this development phase are emphasized below.

- An important step forward in our development was installing inside the vacuum chamber infrared lamps, by means of which higher temperatures could be reached during bake-out, thus allowing increasing the substrate temperature during the coating.
- Once high temperatures could be reached the attention was turned to the Nb deposition rate, which controls the final level of impurities in the film. The deposition rate could be increased by gradually pushing up the sputtering power (from the initial 2 kW to 8 kW).
- Another variant introduced during the development was the nature of the working gas during sputtering. We started by using krypton. In July 2012 we have changed to

argon, according to LNL practices. It is likely that argon is better adapted than krypton to the bias technique because it preferentially re-sputters impurities which have a more similar atomic weight, while the re-sputtering of Nb is enhanced by Kr, reducing the effective coating rate.

- The next parameter that we looked at was the film thickness. It is known that a minimum value, likely at least 1 µm, is required to have good RF performances. It was then tried to increase the coating time to get a globally thicker Nb film. This gave encouraging results.
- A dummy copper cavity has been designed as a sample holder. Once that became available, the thickness distribution could be investigated on samples. It was realized that the coating rate at the cavity top was much lower than anticipated.
- Realizing the importance of the *local* sputtering rate opened the way to the next breakthrough. What was needed was to change the distribution of deposition rate (thickness), in order to increase it at the cavity top, where the maximum RF current is. This was done by reducing the distance between the cathode and the cavity top.

<u>Specifications reached:</u> Thanks to the changes made to improve the coating characteristics, the HIE-ISOLDE specifications were reached for the first time with the high-beta cavity design early 2013. The specifications were then exceeded for the high-beta cavity design.

<u>Procedures:</u> The full coating step strategy of high-beta cavities has been established. Fully detailed procedures for the coating process have been written and constitute the deliverable "D06: Report on the SC cavity baseline mounting and sputtering".

<u>Production:</u> During the year 2013-2014, the main duty was to produce functional cavities following the baseline procedure in order to be able to build the first cryomodule (5 cavities needed). This work has unfortunately suffered from a certain delay due to the late delivery of the copper substrates.

Other: At the same time, a new test bench has been ordered and mounted to allow the continuation of the development with other techniques (magnetron configuration, double cathode) whereas the production of the high-beta HIE-ISOLDE cavities is taking care of in parallel in the original test bench. This new bench has been made in such a way that it is more flexible than the first one. As an example, it allows to adapt cavities of different size, and will undoubtedly give us the possibility of starting the development phase of the low-beta HIE-ISOLDE cavities.

Several tests were performed following the magnetron configuration, a method that allows to increase globally the sputtering rate. In particular, this would allow to reduce the total coating time of the cavities if we find a method which allows to achieve the same performances as for the baseline diode procedure. This research is still ongoing.

<u>Secondment</u>: In March, ESR-1 went to LNL-INFN Legnaro to make her secondment under the supervision of Prof. Palmieri. An internship report exists and can be read.

ESR2 main achievement (Irene Mondino):

RF tests of Superconducting Cavities: The RF test strategy of the high-beta cavity has been developed and established. Full detailed procedures for the RF tests at warm and cold have been written. After the mounting, some RF measurements are performed on the cavity, including resonance frequency measurements, attenuation measurements and tuning range. Then the cavity is cooled down and the first step is the conditioning of the multipacting both at warm and at cold. Once the cavity is conditioning, the Q_0 vs E measurement is performed, including calibration points study, Lorentz detuning and frequency shift measurements.

<u>Conditioning:</u> Different strategies of multipacting conditioning have been studied and developed. Full detailed procedure for the thermal cycle and He processing have been written and approved.

<u>Tuning system measurement:</u> The LLRF system for HIE ISOLDE has been developed from the LLRF team and Irene Mondino participated in the commissioning. Using the LLRF system, different measurements on the tuning system have been successfully performed (tuning plate coarse range, resolution and hysteresis).

<u>Test stand</u>: The RF test stand has been automatized. A Labview interface to automate the usage of processing and measuring equipment has been developed and commissioned. A complete inventory of the current hardware has been written and new hardware solutions have been purchased.

Report: The written documentation of the RF tests is uploaded on EDMS after each test.

Summary of WP1 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D06	TR-Sput	Report on the SC cavity baseline mounting and sputtering	30	Achieved month 36
D07	TR-QWR	Report on the SC cavity performance measurements	36	Achieved month 38
D08	TR-TU	Report on QWR frequency tuning strategy	22	Achieved month 22
D09	TR-MP	Report on cavity multipacting study	22	Achieved month 22
D10	DR-QWR	Final report and/or journal publications on the QWR Cavity Dev. and Tests	6, 12, 36	Achieved month 29

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M04	TS-Sput	Report on specifications of QWR sputtering bench	12	Achieved month 17
M05	DR-CM	RF design report of tuning system	22	Achieved month 14
M06	TS-QWR	Report on Conceptual Design and Specifications of the High-Beta QWR	6	Achieved month 6
M07	TN-QWR	Report on the cold tests of QWR cavity prototypes	12	Achieved month 27
M08	Proc-test	Procedures and recording of test results for series cavities	36	Achieved month 33

ER1, ESR1 and ESR2 are members of the accelerating structure working group within the HIE-ISOLDE project and report on a regular basis (oral presentations of the test results and written technical reports).

Summary of WP1 past and planned meetings/visits

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
July 2011	Legnaro, Italy	-	Technical visit
March 2012	Berlin, Germany	25-30	3 rd annual review of the EUCARD WP-10- SRF collaboration
April 26-27, 2012	CERN	25-30	HIE-ISOLDE Cryomodule Review
May 20-25, 2012	New- Orleans, USA	-	3 rd International Particle Accelerator Conference
June 18-21, 2012	Chicago, USA	-	12 th Heavy Ion Accelerator Technology Conference
July 2012	Legnaro, Italy	-	Cold RF tests at INFN LNL of a 1.3 GHz superconducting cavity produced at CERN with the HIPIMS technique
September 9-14, 2012	Tel-Aviv, Israel	-	25 th Linear Accelerator Conference
January 21, 2013	CERN	25-30	HIE-ISOLDE Cavity Review
Feb-Apr 2013	Orsay, France	-	Cold RF tests at INPN Orsay of Q3_4 and QP1_2 superconducting cavities produced at CERN
May 12-17, 2013	Shanghai, China	-	4 th International Particle Accelerator Conference
September 22-27, 2013	Paris, France	-	16 th International Conference on RF- Superconductivity and Accelerator Physics
November 28-29, 2013	CERN	113	HIE-ISOLDE Workshop: The Technical Aspects
August 31 – September 5, 2014	Geneva, Switzerla nd	484	27th Linear Accelerator Conference
September 22-26, 2014	Barcelona , Spain	63	CATHI Final Review Meeting
October 6-8, 2014	Legnaro, Italy	50-60	The 6th International Workshop on Thin Films and New Ideas for RF Superconductivity

Documents produced

Title	Туре	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Conceptual Design and Specifications of the High-Beta QWR - Final Report	Report	M06	(6) 6
Publication on QWR tuning system design	Conf. Proc.	M05	(22) 14
Conceptual design and specifications of the QWR sputtering bench – Final Report	Report	M04	(12) 18
Report on the cold tests of QWR cavity prototypes - Final Report	Report	M07	(12) 27
Publications on the QWR Cavity Dev. and Tests	Conf. Proc.	D10	(36) 29
Internship at INFN-Legnaro (ESR1)	Report	I01	(17) 30
Procedures and recording of test results - Final report	Report	M08	(36) 33
Final Report on the SC cavity baseline mounting and sputtering	Proced ures	D06	(30) 36
Final Report on QWR frequency tuning strategy	Report	D08	(22) 22
Final Report on cavity multipacting study	Report	D09	(22) 22
Final Report on SC cavity performance measurements	Report	D07	(36) 38

ER1, ESR1 and ESR2 are authors or co-authors of the following publications:

- W. Venturini Delsolaro et al. "Status of the superconducting RF activities for the HIE-ISOLDE project", Proceedings of LINAC12
- N. Jecklin et al. "Niobium coatings for the HIE-ISOLDE QWR superconducting accelerating cavitie", Proceedings of SRF 2013
- W. Venturini Delsolaro et al. "Nb Sputttered Quarter Wave Resonators for HIE ISOLDE", Proceedings of SRF 2013
- A. Sublet et al. "Preliminary results of niobium thin film coating for HIE-ISOLDE SRF cavities obtained by magnetron sputtering", Proceedings of SRF 2013
- A. Sublet et al. "Thin film coating optimization for the HIE-ISOLDE SRF cavities: coating parameters study and film characterization", Proceedings of SRF 2013
- P. Zhang et al., "The Tuning System for the HIE-ISOLDE High-Beta Quarter Wave Resonator", Proceedings of SRF2013, Paris, France, Sep 23-27, 2013
- P. Zhang et al., "Frequency Sensitivity to Cavity Geometry Errors of HIE-ISOLDE High-Beta Quarter Wave Resonator", CERN-ACC-NOTE-2014-0022, HIE-ISOLDE-PROJECT-Note-0029, 2014.

• P. Zhang et al., "The Impact of Defects on Q0 for HIE-ISOLDE High-Beta Quarter-Wave Resonators", CERN-ACC-NOTE-2014-0034, HIE-ISOLDE-PROJECT-Note-0032, 2014.

Training Courses attended:

- 11.2011 Electricity security course, at CERN
- 06.2012 Radiological Protection course, at CERN.
- 09.2012 "Self-Rescue Mask (Biocell)" at CERN
- 12.2012 "Working in Clean Room" at CERN
- 01.2013 "Growth of Thin Films and Nanostructures", EMPA, Dübendorf, Switzerland
- 02.2013 "Sixth International Accelerator School for Linear Colliders" at Asilomar Conference Center, Pacific Grove, California, USA
- 03.2013 "LabVIEW for beginners" at CERN
- 04.2013 CERN Accelerator School on "Superconductivity for Accelerators", Erice, Italy
- 04.2013 "CST Particle Studio" at CERN
- 06.2013 "US Particle Accelerator School" at Fort Collins, Colorado, USA
- 12.2013 "CV writing and interview skills" at CERN
- 01.2014 "ANSYS-HFSS co-simulation" at CERN
- 02.2014 "Project Management" at CERN
- 10.2014 "Advanced CST Microwave Studio" at CERN

3. WP2: Beam Instrumentation Development

Work package	2	Start date or starting	Month 13
number		event:	
Work package title	Beam Instrumentation Developme	nt	
Activity Type	RTD		
Person-months	60 (ER2: E. Daniel Cantero, 24 n	nonths and ESR3: A. Garcia	Sosa 36 months)
Associated Partners	LPC-Caen, NSCL-MSU, GANIL,	INFN-LNL, IPN-Orsay, TRIUI	MF
Objectives	Develop radiation-hard beam inst LINAC and a particle detector suit		
Description of work	 ER2, ESR3: Design, fabricat intensity monitors ER2, ESR3: Design, fabricat monitors. ER2, ESR3: Design, fabricate ER2, ESR3: Carry out irradiat ER2: Carry out system-level ir 	te and lab test prototype of and lab test prototype of emittation tests.	phase and energy
Deliverables	D11. Conceptual design and sign-off specifications of beam instr. for SC Linac (ER2) D12. Define procedures for assembly, installation and commissioning (ER2) D13. Conceptual design and specifications of solid state beam instrumentation (ESR3) D14. Complete testing/irradiation and system-level integration test. Final conference report and/or journal publication (ESR3)		

Main achievements

The beam instrumentation work package has progressed enormously despite the late recruitment of ESR3 (month 13) and ER2 (month 20). Both Researchers benefitted from research previously initiated by the Beam Instrumentation group at CERN. This development involved a closed collaboration with other CERN groups namely, beam optics, accelerator operators, and control system groups.

Several tests were carried with stable and radioactive ion beams delivered at CERN-ISOLDE facility and also at the ISAC accelerator in TRIUMF, Canada. In those tests the performance of the prototype Faraday cup and scanning slit for total beam current and beam profile measurements was analysed. The final design for the short and long Faraday cups has been completed and tested with beam at energies and intensities similar to the ones that will be delivered in the future HIE-ISOLDE REX post-accelerator.

ER2 and ESR3 have done a secondment at TRIUMF facilities during July-September 2013, under the supervision of V. Verzilov and R. Laxdal. During their time there, they benefited from the interaction with various experts in beam instrumentation technologies and also performed measurements of the final designs for the faraday cups using beams delivered from the superconducting accelerating Linac ISACII.

The conceptual design for the solid state detectors has been finalised, it will consist of a series of silicon detectors with capacities of performing energy and time of flight spectrometry. That solution has been tested at REX-ISOLDE during the first months of 2013 and the results have achieved the requirements stated in the specifications. At the moment the specific electronic modules associated with the detectors is being reviewed and soon will be defined.

During a stress test of the guiding mechanism for the slit scanner of the prototype diagnostic box in April 2013, a failure in the proposed lubrication system was detected. After a thorough analysis with various experts from different CERN departments lead to the decision of a re-design of the device using a linear actuator with a guiding system placed outside vacuum. This minimises risks in terms of possible failures or dust production which might directly affect the working availability of the Linac, especially in the case of the short diagnostic boxes that will be located in between the cryomodules. A

new design had been proposed for the mentioned linear actuator together with the collaboration of the company AVS. The acceptance test procedures for this new prototype mechanism are currently being defined and tests of the new device will be carried on at the headquarters of AVS in Spain during the first months of 2014.

Three new partners have teamed up in this development namely, the University of Liverpool (giving rise to a PhD thesis for ESR3), TRIUMF research facility in Vancouver, Canada (for secondment) and AVS in Spain (industrial development).

Summary of WP2 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D11	CDR-DB	Conceptual design and specifications of the beam diagnostic boxes	12	Achieved month 10
D12	Proc-DB	Procedures for assembly, installation and commissioning	24	Achieved month 24
D13	CDR-SS	Conceptual design and specifications of the solid state detector	9	Achieved month 33
D14	TR-tests	Report of the prototype tests	36	Achieved month 35

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M09	Proto-SS	Production and test of prototype solid state detector	30	Achieved month 33

Both ESR3 and ER2 are members of the HIE-ISOLDE High-Energy Beam Transfer Line and Cryomodule working groups where they both report on a regular basis (oral presentations of the test results and written technical reports).

Documents produced

Title	Туре	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Conceptual design and specifications of the beam diagnostic boxes – Final Report	Report	D11	(12) 10
Procedures for installation and commissioning of prototypes, with experimental validation tests	Report	D12	(24) 24
Conceptual design report and specifications of the solid state detector	Report	D13	(9) 33
Report on the Si detector tests	Report	M09	(30) 33
Report on the short diagnostic box tests	Report	D14	(36) 35

ESR3 is main author and co-author of the following publications:

- A. Garcia Sosa et al, "Beam Instrumentation For The HIE-ISOLDE Linac at CERN", Proceedings of IPAC12
- D. Voulot et al, "Status of the HIE-ISOLDE Superconducting Linac Design", Proceedings of IPAC12
- S. Aghion et al, "Prospects for measuring the gravitational free-fall of antihydrogen with emulsion detectors", Journal of Instrumentation, 8 (08), P08013. (2013).
- A. Garcia Sosa et al., "Secondary emission monitor for keV ion and antiproton beams". Proceedings of IBIC 2013, Oxford, UK. (TUPF02).

ER2 and ESR3 are also authors of the following publications

- E. D. Cantero et al, "Experimental results and numerical simulations of the HIE ISOLDE short Faraday Cup", Poster presented at the ISOLDE Workshop and Users meeting 2012, Geneva, December 2012.
- A. Garcia Sosa et al, "Preliminary Study of the HIE-ISOLDE Beam Profile Monitor", Poster presented at the ISOLDE Workshop and Users meeting 2012, Geneva, December 2012.
- D. Lanaia et al, "HIE Beam Commissioning Planning and Preparation Work", Oral contribution presented at the ISOLDE Workshop and Users meeting 2012, Geneva, December 2012.
- A. Sosa et al, "PIN Photodiode test in the REX-ISOLDE post-accelerator", EDMS No. 1238408.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Performance Tests of a Short Faraday Cup Designed for HIE-ISOLDE", presented at IPAC13, Shanghai, May 2013.
- E. Bravin et al, "Report on the failure on the scanning slit movement of the prototype HIE-ISOLDE Diagnostic Box", HIE-BDB-TN-0001, EDMS No. 1284254, Geneva, 2013.
- E. D. Cantero and A. G. Sosa, "HIE-ISOLDE Faraday cups tested with ion beams at TRIUMF", Vancouver, October 2013.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Transverse beam profile measurements with slit scanner and Faraday cup at REX-ISOLDE", CERN EDMS 1370586.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Acceptance test of the linear motion actuator for the scanning slit of the HIE-ISOLDE short diagnostic boxes", CERN EDMS 1370583.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Energy and time of flight measurements of REX-ISOLDE stable beams using Si detectors", CERN EDMS 1370591.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Review of Beam Instrumentation", invited talk presented at the 5th HIE-ISOLDE International Advisory Panel, Geneva, 8 April 2014.
- A. G. Sosa et al, "Optimization of a Short Faraday Cup for Low-Energy Ions Using Numerical Simulation", presented at IBIC2014, Monterey, September 2014, WEPF07.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "The Status of Beam Diagnostics for the HIE-ISOLDE LINAC at CERN", presented at IBIC2014, Monterey, September 2014, WEPF13.
- E. D. Cantero et al, "Beam Diagnostics for HIE-ISOLDE", invited talk presented at CATHI Final Review meeting, Barcelona, September 2014.

On December 13, 2012 an internal review meeting was held at CERN, "HIE-ISOLDE internal review on need for long DB version", where all the experimental results obtained with the prototype DB were shown and discussed with experts. https://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=221456

4. WP3: Warm Magnet Design

Work package	3	Start date or starting	Month 12	
number		event:		
Work package title	High-Energy Beam Transfer Lines	Magnet Design		
Activity Type	RTD			
Person-months	36 (ESR4: Panagiotis Farantatos			
Associated Partners	Scientific Magnetics and CI			
Objectives	Design, manufacture and commission compact warm magnets for the 10 A*MeV SuperConducting LINAC and new beam transfer line.			
Description of work	 Specification of the magnet parameters. Design and implementation of the whole magnet system. Sign-off call for tender for the magnets procurement in industry. Participate in preliminary system tests using the 5.5 A*MeV SuperConducting LINAC. 			
Deliverables	D15. Conceptual design of beam I D16. Technical specifications of conference report and/or jou	f beam line magnets and	distribution. Final	

Main achievements

ESR4 is involved in all aspects of the magnet work package. His work is focusing on the quadrupole magnet design where he has performed magnetic simulations to assess and optimize the field quality based on various pole profiles.

He has also performed a sensitivity analysis of the design to the iron magnetic properties. Besides this, he has organized meetings at CERN with electrical steel producers as to discuss about the requirements of the HIE-ISOLDE magnets.

In parallel to this, he has written the technical specifications for the dipoles and quadrupoles of the HIE-ISOLDE High Energy Beam Transfer line. In collaboration with his supervisor and other colleagues of the section, he has refined the document which is now the basis for procurement of normal conducting magnets for other projects. ESR4 has also participated to the magnet mechanical design meetings with the design office, which is in charge of drafting the specification drawings for the procurement of the magnets.

ESR4 has also achieved the following:

- Field quality assessment of the quadrupole magnets
- Qualified magnet manufacturers classification and evaluation
- Magnetic interference study of the steerer's stray field to nearby equipement (stepping motor, turbo-molecular pump)
- Magnetic shielding proposal for the turbo-molecular pump operating next to the steerer, assuring undisturbed operation under the steerer's stray field

ESR4 has been very active with the organization of Normal Conducting Magnets Section bench for CERN Open Days event (28/09/2013 - 29/09/2013) at SM18: Experimental demonstrations of the Lorentz force of a steering magnet and of the focusing/defocusing property of a quadrupole magnet acting on a particle beam.

Summary of WP3 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D15	CDR	Conceptual design of the quadrupole magnets (SC Linac and HEBT)	12	Achieved month 15
D16	TSR	Technical specifications of the warm magnets (SC Linac and HEBT)	18	Achieved month 21

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M10	IDR	Identification of requirements	3	Achieved month 6
M11	COR	A magnetic shielding proposal for turbo- pump operating inside HIE-ISOLDE steerer's stray field	36	Achieved month 30

ESR4 is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE High-Energy Beam Transfer Line and Cryomodule working groups where they both report on a regular basis (oral presentations of the test results and written technical reports).

Summary of WP3 past and planned meetings

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
From ESR month 3	CERN	Weekly	HEBT working group meetings
April 2012	CERN	1	Conceptual design review
July 2012	CERN	1	Technical design review
From ESR month 6	CERN	Weekly	Magnets mechanical design meetings
From ESR month 1	CERN	Bi-weekly	TE/MSC/MNC section meetings
September 2013	CERN	6	dipole and quadrupole magnets' Specification Committee meeting
Oct 22-23, 2013	Aalborg University , DK	-	seminar on Materials and Applications: Magnetism in Sustainable Energy – Rare Earth Materials for Magnetic Components, organized by UK Mangetics Society
Nov 28-29, 2013	CERN	115	"New electromagnets for the HIE-ISOLDE facility: Current work status" presented at the HIE – ISOLDE Workshop: The Technical Aspects
21-25 Sept. 2014	Barcelona	80	CATHI Final Meeting

Documents produced

Title	Туре	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Identification of requirements – Final Report	Report	M10	(3) 6
Conceptual design of the quadrupole magnets – Final Report	Report	D15	(12) 15
Technical specifications of the warm magnets (SC Linac and HEBT)	Report	D16	(18) 21
Magnetic Interference Estimation on HIE-ISOLDE's Beam Transfer Lines Diagnostic Box Stepper Motors' Operation	Report	M11	(36) 30

ESR4 is main author and co-author of the following publications:

- Beam Transfer Line Quadrupole Magnets (PXMQNLINWP) for the HIE-ISOLDE Facility, CERN EDMS 1252655;
- Technical Specification of the MBHEM Dipole Magnets for the HIE-ISOLDE Beam Transfer Lines, CERN EDMS 1253017;
- Design and Performance of the Beam Transfer Lines for the HIE-ISOLDE Project, IPAC12;
- Quadrupoles for the beam transfer lines of HIE-ISOLDE, IPAC13;
- Magnetic Interference Estimation on HIE-ISOLDE's Beam Transfer Lines Diagnostic Box Stepper Motors' Operation, CERN-ACC-NOTE-2014-0035;
- Torque Ripple In Radially Misaligned Cylindrical Permanent Magnet Couplings, to be published in IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, 2014

Attended Training Courses

- National Instruments LABVIEW (12/6/2013 14/06/2013)
- Risk Management (24/09/2013 25/09/2013)
- CST Particle Studio (08/10/2013 09/10/2013)
- ANSYS Emag (15/10/2013 16/10/2013)
- PMI Project Management (26/3/2014 27/3/2014)

Outreach Activities

- Member of the CERN guides: Guiding schools in an almost weekly basis at SM18.
- Activity Animator at SM18 during CERN Open Days event (28/09/2013 29/09/2013) at the Normal Conducting Magnets section bench.
- Presenter of the CATHI project bench during CERN Open Days event at building 40.

5. WP4: Linac Integration and Innovative Alignment Method

Work package number	Start date or starting event: Month 3			
Work package title	Linac Integration and Innovative Alig	nment Method		
Activity Type	RTD			
Person-months	2x36 (ESR5: Eleftherios Zografos a	nd ESR6: Guillaume Kautzmann)		
Associated Partners	GANIL, INFN-LNL, CI, IPN-Orsay, Brandeis University, TOPTEC, Technical University of Liberec.			
Objectives	Carry out full integration studies for the different accelerator and experimental beam lines of HIE-ISOLDE and subsequent alignment of all the SC accelerating cavities, the beam monitors and the magnets.			
Description of work	 ESR5: Carry out design and space arrangement of the HIE-ISOLDE area. ESR6: Implement permanent internal monitoring lines to follow the relative movements of the cryo-cavities and solenoid inside each vacuum vessel. ESR6: Design of specific electro-optics cameras and control applications. ESR6: Electro-optical & environmental characterization of optical packages. 			
Deliverables	D17. Final report on integration studies (ESR5) D18. Report on implementation and commissioning (including procedures) of the complete alignment system (ESR6)			

Main achievements

Integration work was vigorously pursued the last 12 months thanks to Eletherios Zografos (ESR5). We have noticed major advances in terms of integration of 3D layout models for the Superconducting Linac, the High-energy Beam Transfer Lines and the experimental devices:

- Three experimental stations are foreseen behind the SC linac to accommodate the existing Miniball gamma array, a new HELIOS type experiment and a multipurpose beamline. The layout of these lines has to be compatible with the available space in the ISOLDE hall and allow for future experiments and extensions like a possible recoil separator behind Miniball or the connection of a storage ring which is foreseen to be installed in a separate building next to ISOLDE.
- In addition the transfer line has to be modular to allow for the staged installation of the SC linac. A periodic focussing channel was chosen with a period of 2.62 m, identical to the length of the high beta cryomodule, based on a doublet channel with alternating long and short drift allowing for the insertion of bending magnets in the long drift and beam diagnostics and corrector magnets in the short drift between the quadrupoles. The layout and optics was optimised to minimise the number of magnet families so that only one type of quadrupole and dipole are employed.
- A hardware baseline structure for the entire HIE-ISOLDE project has been created and is now managed via SmarTeam (the Product Data Management system) and EDMS (the Engineering and Equipment Data Management System).

The technological options are now almost all fixed for the HIE-ISOLDE Alignment System, so called MATHILDE (Monitoring and Alignment Tracking for Hie-IsoLDE). The concept is mainly based on well-proven elements such as the camera-style sensor called HBCAMs. The various key elements such as the viewports and the possible target types have been studied and tested successfully in different situations, taking in account the constraints due to vacuum or cryogenic conditions. For futher information about the alignment and monitoring system, please refer to Milestone 15 and 16.

On the target side, the chosen solution is based on the properties of high-index ($n\approx2$) glass balls that are giving a retro-reflective effect when measured and illuminated by HBCAM lasers. The effect has

been studied and validated, even with measurements in cryogenic and vacuum conditions. The final targets support design and integration has been carried-out in 2014. The targets have been ordered for 2 Cryomodules and are expected to arrive in January 2015.

A HBCAM camera, based on the existing BCAM, has been developed and validated within the expected precision. The new features of this device include a CCD upgrade, a shorter focal length, the addition of an illumination ring and a calibration to a nominal value of output power of the device lasers. Enough devices have been procured to cover the needs:

- · for cryomodule assembly and cryo-test.
- for a 7 Cryomodule configuration of the HIE-ISOLDE Linac.

The metrological tables are close to a final design, will be ordered and validated in early 2015.

The reference pillars are in design and integration phase. The specifications have been expressed and the order will be carried out in January 2015.

Concerning the needed software, a prototype of the mathematical model is ready and has proved successfully the alignment concept on a partial but almost full size model equipped with metrological table prototypes and existing BCAMs. The final software version is under development and has been designed in order to fit in the standardized CERN environment. Once the software will be more advanced, its validation is planned with an extended test bench equipped with HBCAMs, viewports and targets. The goal is to use a first version of the system once the first cryo-module will be assembled and ready for vacuum and cryogenic tests.

Four new partners have teamed up in this development namely, Brandeis University (USA), Technical University of Liberec (Czech Republic), Toptec (Czech Republic) and Hydro-Quebec in Canada (industrial partner).

Summary of WP4 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D17	FR	Final Report on integration studies	36	Achieved month 36
D18	IAP	Installation and alignment procedures	24	Achieved month 36

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M12	ID-Bas	Identification of equipment and infrastructure	12	Achieved month 12
M13*	CAD	CAD of integration studies	30	Achieved month 36
M14	ID-SU	Identification of requirements for BCAM test	3	Achieved month 6
M15	DAQ	Mechanical design and DAQ	12	Achieved month 16
M16	TN-SU	Validation report of the alignment system	36	Achieved month 36

*Milestone M13 is a hardware baseline structure managed via SmarTeam (the Product Data Management system) and EDMS (the Engineering and Equipment Data Management System). It is fully operational and used to manage the various phases of the project.

Both ESRs are members of the HIE-ISOLDE High-Energy Beam Transfer Line, Cryomodule and Infrastructure & Integration working groups where they report on a regular basis (oral presentations and technical documents).

Documents produced

Title	Туре	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Identification of the Requirements for the BCAM tests	Report	M14	(3) 6
Identification of equipment and infrastructure	Report	M12	(12) 12
Conceptual Design and DAQ of the new Monitoring System	Report	M15	(12) 16
Validation report of the alignment system	Report	M16	(36) 36
Final Report on Integration Studies	Report	D17	(36) 36
Final Report on Installation and Alignment Procedures	Report	D18	(24) 36

Guillaume Kautzmann (ESR6) is main author and co-author of the following publications:

- G. Kautzmann et al. "The HIE-ISOLDE Alignment and monitoring system Software and test mock up", Proceedings of IWAA12
- J.C. Gayde et al., "HIE-ISOLDE Alignment and Monitoring System Technical Design and Project Status", Proceedings of IWAA12
- G. Kautzmann et al. "HIE-ISOLDE Alignment and monitoring system of the LINAC", Poster of ISOLDE Workshop and Users meeting 2012
- G. Kautzmann et al. "HIE-ISOLDE Latest developments of the HIE-ISOLDE Alignment and Monitoring System", Proceedings of the HIE-ISOLDE Workshop-The Technical Aspects 2013
- G. Kautzmann et al. "HIE-ISOLDE General presentation of MATHILDE", Proceedings of IWAA2014
- W. Venturini Delsolaro et al. "Status of the HIE ISOLDE Linac", Proceedings of LINAC14

Guillaume Kautzmann (ESR6) has achieved a secondment at Brandeis University in three parts (USA, for a total length of 7 weeks) dealing with mounting, testing, debugging and calibrating HBCAMs. He was in charge to establish the mounting and test procedure of the devices. Half (~30) of the needed devices for the HIE-ISOLDE project were assembled and calibrated by the fellow. During the secondment, he also performed validation tests dealing with the theoretical aspect of the glass ball measurements by HBCAMS that led to a publication at the IWAA 2014 conference.

Attended Training Courses

- Making presentation
- Project Management
- ISO Language
- CV Writing and Interview Techniques
- CAS, instruction to accelerator physics 2012
- Programming in C++
- Introduction to knowledge transfer
- Working in clean room

Outreach Activities

• Presenter at the CATHI project bench during CERN Open Days event at building 40.

6. WP5: Superconducting Linac Commissioning

Work package number	5	Start date or starting event: Mor	nth 13		
Work package title	SuperConducting Linac Commissioning				
Activity Type	RTD				
Person-months	36 (ESR7: Davide Lanaia)				
Associated Partners	GANIL, INFN-LNL, CI, IPN-Orsay				
Objectives	The ESR training will be focused on the development of machine tune-up procedures that will later be implemented in the control software for the linac operation and active participation in the startup of the machine.				
Description of work	HIE-REX Linac 2. Definition of tuning procedures system 3. Draft console applications to be monitoring	and management of machine protects used by the operators for the Line cects of the Linac design, construction and machine	nac tuning and		
Deliverables	D19. Report on specifications for co D20. Commissioning Plan.	ntrols and beam diagnostics			

Main achievements

Due to the short nature of REX runs (typically three to ten days) and the need for frequent energy and beam changes dictated by the physics programme, REX operation requires fast and reliable set-ups and the possibility to switch between beams or change the energy within a few hours. The second challenge is the use of weak radioactive beams that cannot be monitored on conventional Faraday cups and profile monitors, which require the linac to be set-up with a stable pilot beam before being scaled to the appropriate A/q. For this reason stringent tolerances were specified for the alignment of the linac and HEBT elements and a comprehensive error study of the linac and transfer lines was undertaken. The stability and linearity of the optics and RF is also essential.

The size and complexity of the machine will increase with the energy upgrade, for example the number of RF cavities will increase from 7 in the present NC linac to 35 in the final version of the HIE linac. The cavity phases will also become A/q dependent as the velocity profile changes with A/q in the SC part of the linac. For this reason an automatic phasing procedure is foreseen using a Si-detector either by tracking the relative energy change or, when the 100 ns bunch spacing becomes available, using a time of flight method. The possibility of using calculated settings and automated optimisation software is also investigated and some initial tests have already been done on the existing linac.

Main activities performed in this phase:

- Support in the Beam Transfer Lines Layout specifications.
- Support in the Linac Working Group. Proposal for new application for the SC linac.
- Specification for control and beam diagnostic. Cooperate in the writing of the functional specification of the diagnostic boxes for HIE-ISOLDE;
- Development and test of the HIE-Converter application. This tool allows operators to convert machine settings in optics file and vice-versa. This routine was developed using Java code and future possible options are under study.
- Development and test of the HIE-Phase Up application. This tool will help the operators to phase up the cavities, providing an intuitive GUI. A calibration curve between the cavity acquired voltage in the cavity tank and the effective voltage experienced by the beam is also provided and can be used for future study. This routine was developed using Java code.
- Upgrade of the existing beam diagnostic application. The beam diagnostic application will maintain the skin of the REX one. The GUI of the Faraday cups will remain the same. A new GUI panel for the beam profiler will be developed.

- Secondment at INFN LNL. Participation in the operation of the SC linac in the PIAVE-ALPI complex, alignment campaign, emittance data analysis, re-commissioning of the ALPI linac after realignment.
- Secondment at TRIUMF. Participation in the operation of the ISAC II SC linac. Full development and test, using Matlab code, of a routine for cavity phase up using a time of flight system. The same algorithm used to develop the TRIUMF tool will be used at CERN to write a phase up routine by means of a time of flight system.
- Emittance study. Measured emittance of the existing REX-Linac at different energies and different beam shape. Wrote a software routine for data cleaning and data analysis;
- Stripping foil study. Measure the effect of stripping foil of different thickness on the beam energy. Software simulation with SRIM 2012 performed in order to have a comparison with measured data.
- Commissioning Planning: Work on test and time schedule that will be followed during the beam commissioning phase

Summary of WP5 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D19	TSR	Specifications for controls and beam diagnostics	12	Achieved month 24
D20	CR	Commissioning Plan	36	Achieved month 25

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M17	BTR	First tests with beam	24	Achieved month 16
M18	FCR	Control Applications	36	Achieved month 25

Summary of past and planned meetings

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
December 2011	INFN- LNL	2	Visit of ALPI-PIAVE and discuss operation of SC-linac
May 2012	TRIUMF	3	Visit of ISAC2, discuss operation of SC-linac and buncher-chopper
22 March 2012	CERN	7	Planning and definition of operation software
18 April 2012	CERN	7	Console applications and controls interlocks definition
23 August 2012	CERN	6	SC solenoid interlocks meeting
3 September 2012	CERN	9	HIE-linac machine protection and safety system

18-19 December 2012	CERN	>20	HIE-ISOLDE Commissioning Plan and Operation Software		
13 January 2013	CERN	4	Power Converter Control Meeting		
06 February 2013	INFN- LNL	5	Define secondment objective and plan activities		
21 February 2013	INFN- LNL	10	Report of activities and PIAVE-ALPI re- commissioning after alignment		
March 2013	CERN	15	Report on the secondment activities at INFN-LNL		
17 June 2013	TRIUMF	4	Define Secondment objective and plan activities		
21 August 2013	TRIUMF	>10	Report on application and test performed at TRIUMF		
September 2013	CERN	>10	Report on TRIUMF secondment activities		
28-29 November 2013	CERN	>20	HIE-ISOLDE Commissioning Plan and Software Development		
21-25 Sept. 2014	Barcelona	80	CATHI Final Meeting		

Davide Lanaia is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE High-Energy Beam Transfer Line working group where he reports on a regular basis and acts as a scientific secretary (oral presentations and technical documents). He is also a member of the HIE-ISOLDE Linac working group where reports on a regular basis the progress of his work.

Documents produced

Title	Type	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
HIE-ISOLDE beam transfer lines layouts	Report	-	-
Carbon Stripping Foil Analysis	Report	M17	9
Transverse Emittance Measurements at REX-ISOLDE	Report	M17	12
Functional Specification of Beam Diagnostic Boxes for HIE-ISOLDE	Report	D19	9
Planning and Resources Requirements for the Commissioning and First Two Years of Operation of HIE-ISOLDE	Report	D20	17
Development of new software application for HIE-ISOLDE	Report	D19	17
ISAC-II phasing high level application in MATLAB	Report	M18	20

HIE-ISOLDE Converter Application. Algorithm and user manual	Report	M18	25
HIE-ISOLDE Phase Up Application. Algorithm and user manual	Report	M18	25
HIE-ISOLDE Commissioning Plan	Report	D20	25

Davide Lanaia is co-author of the following publications:

- D. Voulot et al. "Status of the HIE-ISOLDE Superconducting Linac Design", Proceedings of IPAC12
- A. Parfenova et al. "Design and performance of the beam transfer lines for the HIE-ISOLDE Project", Proceedings of IPAC12
- D. Lanaia et all. "Operation Software for the HIE-ISOLDE Super Conducting Accelerator", Abstract of Linac14

7. WP6: ISOL Target & Front-End Upgrade Studies

Work package number	6	Start date or starting event: Month 3			
Work package title	Studies for ISOL Target and Front-En	d Upgrades			
Activity Type	RTD				
Person-months	180 (ESR8; ESR9; ESR10, ESR11 a	nd ESR12: 36 months each)			
Associated Partners	GANIL, INFN-LNL, IPN-Orsay, JYF	I, SIDeA			
Objectives	purification. Key issues include the st	R&D work on ion sources, target material and beam udy of target materials and maintaining the production ock studies, radiation protection and beam optics.			
Description of work	 ESR8: Carry out simulations of proton beam interactions with existing and potential target materials using FEM structural codes ESR8: Establish experimental programme to validate the simulations and verify the production rates and diffusion constants for different material prototypes ESR9: Thermal studies on target unit: off line tests, electro-thermal simulation via ANSYS code and prototyping of new concepts aiming at better thermal control uniformity. ESR9: Alternative cooling solution study: simulations and off line tests on heat pipes, cooling wings and redesign. ESR10: Optimization of the target(s) design for the study and optimization of different layout scenarii in terms of radiation protection issues, including benchmarking of code ESR11: Carry out beam optics simulations as a function of target and ion source parameters and beam profile requirements for mass separation ESR11: Draft functional and conceptual design of a new Front End including its integration into the existing facility ESR12: Perform design study for the low-level control of the new front end and the High Resolution Separator (HSR) magnet ESR12: Carry out dedicated study on state-of-the-art high accuracy positioning and sensor systems for the extraction electrodes as well as the control of devices for the safe 				
Deliverables	manipulation of the target D21. Publication of test results and post analysis for the ISOL target material studie (ESR8) D22. Report on alternative cooling solution for the standard target unit (ESR9) D23. Final Report on the conceptual design of the ISOL target (ESR9) D24. Publication of the Safety File and risk analysis of the ISOL target (ESR10) D25. Final conference report and/or journal publication for the target layout optimization (ESR10) D26. Functional specifications of the extraction optics and front-end (ESR11) D27. Conceptual design, risk analysis and Safety File for the extraction optics and new front-end (ESR11) D28. Report on the front-end and HSR magnet control (ESR12) D29. Prototype of front-end control system including actuators and sensors (ESR12) D30. Simulator of the HSR dipole integrated magnetic field (ESR12) D31. Prototype of the HSR magnet control system (ESR12)				

Main achievements

The targets and the target station (also known as Front End) are at the heart of all operations at ISOLDE. Although continuous R&D work on ion sources, target materials and beam purification contributes to the quality of the RIBs provided at ISOLDE, the proposed increase in proton beam intensity implies a completely new challenge in terms of operation and equipment lifetime. Key issues include the study of target materials and maintaining the production rates of radio-isotopes, thermal and shock studies, radiation protection and beam optics. Main achievements realized so far are described in detail below.

<u>Target material studies</u>: The lifetime of the present Target and Ion Source Units is of 1e19 integrated protons delivered as pulsed beam obtained typically after two weeks of operation. The increased proton beam intensity poses a number of challenges in particular heat dissipation and fatigue issues. In this context, **Michal Czapski** (**ESR8**) has successfully performed an irradiation campaign of the prototype target materials prepared at Saint Gobain using proton beams at ISOLDE and HiRadMat facilities located at CERN. After one year of cool-down the targets are being now open for further analysis of ageing under irradiative conditions. As complimentary target investigation Michal carried out a safety study of hydrogen production in ISOLDE target under a controlled water leak in the target system.

Since 1/11/2013: **Michal Czapski (ESR8)** has performed the analysis of the first target materials irradiated at the RaBIT setup. There results need to be compared with the other irradiations which will be analyzed later, due to its slow cooldown. The final report on the target material studies was written.

Target conceptual design (Engineering): In line with the target material studies, further developments will be required for the conceptual design of future target units with emphasis on overall target and ion source design in terms of thermal dynamics, shock effects and fatigue. A rather extensive bibliographic study was performed by **Serena Cimmino (ESR9)** in order to complete the measurement instrumentation database namely for pyrometers and thermocouples. This literature search included thermal tests on target containers and resulted in the development of a thermal standard calibration procedure. Serena was heavily involved in the electro-thermo-mechanical analysis of a novel molten salt target developed at CERN to test the production of Ne¹⁸ for the Beta Beam project. Furthermore, Serena is in charge of the preliminary design of a 50 kW neutron spallation source which will be tested online at TRIUMF in the fall 2014. Currently Serena is dealing with a redesign of the standard target ISOLDE unit cooling aiming at an increase of the safety during online runs. The alternative designs are going to be prototyped and tested off-line for validation.

Target conceptual design (Physics): Leonel Morejon Hernandez (ESR10) continued and finalized the previous started work. First, the studies for the beam dumps on GPS and HRS was completed with the preparation of two reports: one of them studying the current performance in terms of energy deposition of both dumps, from Fluka simulations; and the second studying in the same way the performance of a future modification to HRS beam dump In order to avoid problems that were made evidenced from the simulations sumarized in the first report. On the work related to the dose assessments for ISOLDE's tunnel and new targets' storage area, new work was started to cover for different new questions raised, meaning finding the dose related to the new shielding and robot rails due to their activation, and the benchmarking of the Fluka simulations on ISOLDE through comparing the simulated values with measurements previously performed on-site. The work on assessing the dose from the stored targets' and from the neutrons resulting from the targets irradiation has kept going and some reports are being prepared but not yet finalized.. Leonel Morejon Hernandez (ESR10) completed the "Python: Advanced hands-on" course offered from CERN, and also a "CV writing and Interviewing techniques" course organized within the CATHI project. He attended several conferences and schools: the International Nuclear Physics Conference 2013 in Florence, the Euroschool on Exotic Beams in Dubna, attended the Thorium Energy Conference at CERN and participated in the ISOLDE Workshop and Users meeting held at CERN. During the last quarter, the secondment work with AIMA company in Nice, was discussed and a work content was sketched during a visit. A secondment there is to be planned.

Since 1/11/2013, **Leonel Morejon Hernandez (ESR10):** In relation to the shielding for the new Target's Storage, the dose related to activations has been a subject of study through Fluka simulations. The use in the design of materials like iron or concrete loadad with iron creates the possibility of activation of these materials and the dose produced have been studied through simulations to include in reports. Equally, from a study made in collaboration with **Sandra Giron (ER4, WP9)** it has been clear that air activation inside the ISOLDE tunnel is much influenced by the neutrons, thus a check on the possibility for reducing the neutrons close to the target has also been studied with the conclusion that none of the options studied will be satisfactory. With the aim of comparing the Fluka results to real meassured values some Benchmarking studies are been conducted as well. This will benchmark the Fluka studies made and help in evaluating the reliability of these simulations in estimating the real

values expected. Also some reports have been prepared regarding the Fluka simulations of the beam dumps performance and the proposed modification for the HRS beam dump, where energy deposition has been evaluated for temperature estimates. **Leonel Morejon Hernandez (ESR10)** has attended the 4th International Workshop NuSYM14 in Liverpool as part of the carreer development activities.

Extraction optics and front-end design: The extraction optics plays an important role in the initial beam transport and the quality of the beam supplied to the mass separators. Important factors include the emittance of the beam and the beam profile to avoid any beam losses. Furthermore, due to the increased radiation levels proportional to a higher proton beam current, the new FE design must be more radiation resistant and will require a minimum of hands-on maintenance. Jacobo Montano (ESR11) has been rather active in familiarizing himself with the different evolutions of the ISOLDE front-ends. He has finalized the design and construction of a new prototype of the ISOLDE target unit which has been mounted on the new offline separator test bench for conditioning and complete characterization of the new ion extraction system. The new offline lab has been commissioned in collaboration with Mathieu Augustin (ESR15). The front-end#8 is totally operative with fully installed instrumentation and different sources are under test. An extended analysis has been performed at simulation level in order to characterize the prototyped model thermally, electrically and its particle extraction behaviour as well. This analysis will be validated with the experimental tests of the last year. In 2013, some thermal test were performed already with the new extraction system prototype considering its proximity to the ion source. An alternative heating system has been prototyped and will be tested during the last year of activities. This prototype is based on the application of electron bombardment heating of the target container. With this mechanism it is expected to reduce considerably the amount of current used for target heating and in consequence several risk factors would be removed or diminished. During 2013 one week of collaboration was spent at Cyclotron manufacturer company AIMA in Nice, France. The plan is to establish a collaboration with them as contemplated in the Marie-Curie ITN program. This final collaboration has to be scheduled according with the intense experimental agenda planned for the following months. After the publication of the « Design Study Report » (end of July) one month of secondment can be envisaged.

Low-level controls: The front-end control includes high accuracy positioning of the extraction electrodes as well as the control of devices for the target manipulation safety (i.e. clamps, pistons, shutters). Although seemingly a typical example of industrial control, many challenges have to be addressed as result of the new target increased energy and consequent increasing of the radiation integrated dose on the front end (i.e. several hundreds of Gray). Similarly, The HRS dipole integrated magnetic field has to be controlled to an accuracy of a few ppm. In order to achieve this requirement an accurate model of the magnet has to be determined. This should be able to predict the integrated magnetic field value by the knowledge of the supply current and the current value of the magnetic field. This latter is given by a punctual measurement performed with an NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonance) probe. The model should take into account the multi-poles errors so to elaborate in the future correction laws using the high order magnets to be installed on-line. After a 3 month secondment at SIDeA (industrial partner) to gain valuable experience on NI LabView RT control systems, Martino Colciago (ESR12) has performed a detailed review of the current control systems of the ISOLDE High Resolution Separator (HRS). After that, it was decided to migrate the control system from an old GM class to the new Front End Software Architecture (FESA3) classes in order to fulfil the BE/CO standards. For this reason two FESA classes were developed, the NMR and HRS classes. The first one is in charge of controlling the teslameters (Metrolab PT2025) of the two HRS magnets. It has been created according to the HRS requirements, but is sufficiently general for use with other systems, like LINAC2. The class has been tested on a test bench and is now in operation at ISOLDE. The HRS class has been tested directly on the ISOLDE HRS and is now also in operation. Moreover a possible innovative solution for the future control system has been developed using C++ and it has been included in the FESA class software. Additionally it has been separately developed un National Instruments Labview, for ease of development. The chosen architecture is a feedback control loop using a proportional-integral-derivative controller (PID). Moreover, a nonlinear compensator is foreseen in the feed forward line and an observer of the system, which is developed using an accurate model of the magnet, completes the controller. In order to validate the solution proposed, a tuning

campaign should be setup on the real magnet.

Regarding the Frontend low-level control system, a new Frontend control design has been proposed considering the hardware modifications needed to have a more reliable Frontend system.

Summary of WP6 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D21	DR	Report on the target material studies	36	Achieved month 34
D22	AC	Report on alternative cooling solution for the standard target unit	12	Achieved month 30
D23	CDR	Conceptual design report of the new target	36	Achieved month 30
D24*	Risk-TAL	Risk analysis of the ISOL targets	24	Achieved month 34
D25*	CDR-TAL	Activation analysis	36	Achieved month 34
D26	FS	Functional specifications of the extraction optics	12	Achieved month 17
D27	CDR	Conceptual design report and risk analysis of the extraction optics and front-end upgrade	36	Achieved month 36
D28	TSR	Specification for front-end and HRS magnet	12	Achieved month 16
D29	ProFE	Prototype of the front-end control system	24	Achieved month 36
D30	CR	Report on the simulation of the HRS magnetic field	29	Achieved month 24
D31	ProHRS	Prototype of the HRS magnet control system	36	Achieved month 29

^{*}Deliverables D24 and D25 were renamed

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M19	IDM	Identification of target materials and future proposals	5	Achieved month 5
M20	Lit-Stud	literature studies of potential target materials	18	Achieved month 12
M21	On-Stud	Irradiation campaign of selected target materials	24	Achieved month 18
M22	PIA	Post-irradiation analysis	12	Achieved month 15
M23	Therm- Mech	Thermo-mechanical studies	24	Achieved month 11
M24*	Off-Cool	Conceptual Design of a new cooling system	30	Achieved month 30
M25	SIM-TAL	FLUKA simulations of the target area layout	6	Achieved month 9
M26	DES-TAL	Design of the new target storage area	12	Achieved month 34
M27	Shield-TAL	Design of target area shielding	18	Achieved month 34
M28	Comp-TAL	Validation with measurements	30	Achieved month 3
M29	IDO	Identification of the extraction optic	3	Achieved month 3

		requirements		
M30	LL-Spec	Control system functional specification	9	Achieved month 9
M31	FE-LL	Front-end control system design	21	Achieved month 32
M32	HRS-LL	HRS magnet control system design	33	Achieved month 16

^{*}Milestone M24 is included in Deliverables D22 and D23

Summary of WP6 past and planned meetings/visits

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)	
16 January 2013	CERN	2	Separator Magnet meeting	
7 February 2013	CERN	10	HIE-Isolde project review	
June 2013	Firenze, Italy	-	International Nuclear Physics Conference	
August 2013	Brugge, Belgium	-	Eleventh International Topical Meeting on Nuclear Applications of Accelerators. AccApp2013	
August 2013		-	Euroschool on Exotic Beams	
September 2013	SCK- CEN Mol, Belgium	-	Workshop on Radioactive Ion Beam Production and High-Power Target Stations	
24 October 2013	CERN	5	HIE-Isolde HRS Test bench	
27-31 October 2013	CERN	250	Thorium Energy Conference, ThEC13	
13 November 2013	CERN	10	Isolde LS1 control renovation	
28-29 November 2013	CERN	-	HIE-ISOLDE Workshop - The Technical Aspects	
5 December 2013	CERN	2	Meeting on HRS renovation	
22 January 2014	CERN	6	Meeting on HRS NMR test	
14 February 2014	CERN	2	Meeting on HRS FESA3 class	
18 February 2014	CERN	15	The HIE-ISOLDE Design study report	
28 March 2014	CERN	8	ISOLDE HRS magnet renovation	
7 July 2014	CERN	3	Optimize status information of the Mass control application	
July 2014	Liverpool	~100	NuSYM14 International Symposium on Nuclear Symmetry Energy	
30 July 2014	CERN	2	HRS Knowledge transfer	
21-25 Sept. 2014	Barcelona	80	CATHI Final Meeting	

Documents produced

Title	Type	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Advanced silicon carbide and aluminum oxide with unidirectional open porosity as new prototype target materials for radioisotope beam production	Report	M19, M20	(18) 12
HRMT01-TISD Experiment Safety file	Report	M21	(18) 18
Post-Irradiation analyses of a Molten Salt target – Final report	Report	M22	(12) 15
Electro-Thermal Analyses of a Bare Ta Container	Report	M23	(24) 8
Thermal analyses of a Molten Salt target	Report	M23	(24) 11
FLUKA simulations of the target area layout	Report	M25	(6) 9
Comparison of FLUKA simulations and dose measurements – Final Report	Report	M28	(30) 3
Functional specifications of the extraction optics – Final Report	Report	D26	(12) 17
Front End Extraction Optics Design Upgrade - Requirements	Report	M29	(3) 3
Control system functional specification – Final Report	Report	M30	(9) 9
Specifications for front-end and HRS magnet – Final Report	Report	D28	(12) 16
HRS magnet control system design – Intermediate Report	Report	M32	(33) 16
Report on the design of the new target storage area	Report	M26	(12) 34
Report on the design of target area shielding	Report	M27	(18) 34
Report on the risk analysis of the ISOL targets	Report	D24	(24) 34
Final report on activation analysis	Report	D25	(36) 34
Report on alternative cooling solution for the standard target unit	Report	D22	(12) 30
Conceptual Design Report of the new target	Report	D23	(36) 30
Final Report on the target material studies	Report	D21	(36) 34
Conceptual Design Report of the new extraction optics and front-end upgrade	Report	D27	(36) 36
Front-end control system design – Final Report	Report	M31	(21) 32
Report on the simulation of the HRS magnetic field – Final Report	Report	D30	(29) 24
Prototype of the HRS magnet control system – Final Report	Report	D31	(36) 29
Prototype of the front-end control system	Report	D29	(24) 36

Michal Czapski, Serena Cimmino, Leonel Morejon Hernandez, Jacobo Montano and Martino Colciago are co-authors of the following publications:

- M. Czapski et al. "Advanced SiC and Al₂O₃ as model targets for radioisotope beam production at HIE-ISOLDE", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 385-388, doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2013.08.022;
- S. Cimmino et al., "Online Operation of a Molten Salt Target at ISOLDE for the Beta Beams: Validation of Electro-Thermal Simulation with Experimental Data", Nuclear Instruments and

- Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 426-429, doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2013.06.005;
- J. Montano et al., "Design Upgrade of the ISOLDE Target Unit for HIE-ISOLDE", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 430-433, doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2013.08.019;
- Energy deposition profile on ISOLDE Beam Dumps by FLUKA simulations (CERN-ACC-NOTE-2014-0039);
- Energy deposition profile for modification proposal of ISOLDE's HRS Beam Dump, from FLUKA simulations (CERN-ACC-NOTE-2014-0040);
- Dose studies from stored targets in ISOLDE new storage;
- Activation of new elements near ISOLDE tunnel;
- Neutron related dose near ISOLDE tunnel for HIE-ISOLDE.

Attended Training Courses:

- ANSYS: Introduction to ANSYS Workbench Mechanical
- Cours de mesures thermiques
- FLUKA course
- ANSYS Workbench advanced
- AXEL: Introduction to Particle Accelerators
- Ergonomics Applying ergonomic principles in the workplace
- CV writing and interview skills
- Python: Advanced hands-on
- LPI 101 Introduction à Linux
- FESA: Introduction

8. WP7: ISOLDE Target Area and Class-A Laboratory Upgrade

Work package number	7	Start date or starting event: Month 6		
Work package title	ISOLDE Target Area and Class-A Laboratory Upgrade			
Activity Type	RTD			
Person-months	2x36 (ESR13: Andrea Polato and ESR14: Mario Armin Hermann)			
Associated Partners	GANIL and INFN-LNL			
Objectives	The ESRs will acquire the necessary knowledge and collaborate to the different phases of the design of HVAC and cooling systems for the future HIE-ISOLDE facility and participate actively in the startup of the machine.			
Description of work	 ESR13: Define and integrate the Cooling and Ventilation installations ESR13: Define and integrate the Cooling and Ventilation plant in the general layout of the building ESR13: Elaborate the technical specifications and participate in the call for tender for the procurement in industry ESR14: Present a planning, perform the engineering study, organize tests and carry out the preliminary design and integration of the new vacuum system ESR14: Optimize the choice of control and diagnostic equipment ESR14: Design a new gas recuperation system taking into account radiation safety and contamination hazards 			
Deliverables	D32. Report on existing facilities (ESR13) D33. Design report on the Cooling and Ventilation upgrade for HIE-ISOLDE (ESR13) D34. Vacuum engineering for the ultrahigh vacuum of the SC linac (ESR14) D35. Vacuum studies for the radio frequency quadrupole cooler and buncher RFQCB (ESR14)			

Main achievements

Given the exposure to highly radioactive environment the cooling and ventilation system of the CERN-ISOLDE Facility has to guarantee the highest standards in terms of efficiency, safety and ease of maintenance. Andrea Polato (ESR13) joined the Cooling and Ventilation group in October 2011 (month 12) and immediately interfaced with the other groups and CERN staff (engineers and physicists) for the different phases of the design of HVAC and cooling systems for the future HIE-ISOLDE. The main achievements concern the dimensioning of the components of the installations, the definition of the layout of the stations, the integration of the plant in the general layout of the building and the preparation of the tendering documents (equipment selection, and Bill of Quantities redaction). In this frame, the work regarding the design of the cooling and HVAC systems for the extension of the Class-A Laboratory to host MEDICIS involves all the skills listed above from the sizing exercise, to the equipment selection and the redaction of the Bill of Quantities. The design of an airlock chamber of separation between Class-A laboratory and Target contributes to the improvement of the confinement among the two areas. The works for the installation of the new ISOLDE Hot Cell and for the new targets handling robots constitute an opportunity to participate to the on-field activities. Technical visits to Associated Partners were organized to assess the different regulations and procedures used at the GANIL/SPIRAL-2 facility in Caen, France, at the PSI facility in Villigen, Switzerland and INFN/SPES facility in Legnaro, Italy. During his internship period (I15) at the European Spallation Source (based in Lund, Sweden) he started the design activities of the Nuclear HVAC for the facility Target system. The training course focused on the ventilation and on the fire risk management inside nuclear facilities (TC14) contributed to develop the technical skills required for the tasks assigned.

WP7 work package covers as well the integrated vacuum system of the linac, the vacuum improvements related to beam quality, the target units, the primary pumping systems, and the collection, storage, and exhaust of radioactive gases. All these issues have to be addressed with the increase of proton beam intensity. The HIE-ISOLDE linac vacuum system has to respond to the three criteria of reliability, robustness and minimal downtime in case of failure during operation.

Mario Armin Hermann (ESR14) joined the Vacuum and Surface Coating group in April 2011. He was the first ESR to be recruited within CATHI. During the first months of his training at CERN, Mario Hermann contributed to the drafting of the technical specifications of the vacuum system, the 3D layout and its integration into the ISOLDE Facility.

Mario Hermann performed an engineering study of the pumping down of the superconducting cryomodule and calculated outgassing rate estimates. These were compared with measurements on different materials that he organized and carried out. In the framework of the development of a new RFQCB for beam quality improvement, he measured pressure profiles along the existing RFQCB, ISCOOL, and benchmarked the results of the code MOLFLOW+. Further, he set up Monte Carlo and Electrical Network Analogy simulations to study the vacuum profiles in the RFQCB. Additionally, he established the vacuum layout for the off-line RFQCB and conceived possible control logics.

To analyze safety improvement of the gas recuperation system, Mario prepared and operated a dry pump set-up, based on multi-roots pumping technology and absorber filters, by-passing the present layout to pump while operating highly contaminating targets. Collaborating to establish the vacuum layout of the linac cryomodules, Mario prepared a test-bench representing a prototype of the pumping system. This test bench is utilized to study cryomodule vacuum process options and to measure material outgassing properties for the SC linac. Measurement of material outgassing properties and the determination of helium trapping behaviour of a proposed RF cable were then performed on this test-bench to accompany the design of the cryomodule elements.

The goal of former D35 was modified to better fulfill the needs of the project schedule. This activity is now taken over by a Technical Student. Results will be included in the HIE-ISOLDE design study report.

The major focus in 2013 was on the study of the propagation of pressure waves within a beam tube following vacuum rupture. This activity was developed in collaboration with the vacuum team of SPIRAL2 at GANIL. Theoretical modeling of the flow process was realized by viscous finite-element fluid dynamics and molecular regime Monte-Carlo simulations. Subsequently, a real-scale 28m long test bench was successfully built up and commissioned during summer 2013, first tests could be done from November 2013 onwards. The first series of tests focussed on the operation of the VAT fast valve system, which will later be installed on the HIE-ISOLDE machine. In close collaboration with manufacturer VAT several technical issues could be solved. Subsequently a fast data acquisition system allowed to examine the triggering behaviour of the fast Penning gauges. In parallel a vacuum chamber was installed at one extremity of the test bench which will be used for verifying the functionality of the complete fast valve system. A pendulum was developed in close collaboration with colleagues from GANIL. This was delivered to CERN in spring 2014 and installed on the test bench subsequently. It is used to create pressure waved into the system by cutting foils at the entry of the system.

Conferences, seminars, workshops

- Annual conference of Royal Geographical Society 2011, August 2011, Imperial College, London, UK
- o Marie Curie Researchers Symposium 2011, September 2011, Warsaw, Poland
- Conference "Physics for health 2012", 28th Feb 2012, International convention center, Geneva, Switzerland
- o Conference "EURORIB 2012", 20th 25th May 2012, Abano Terme, Italy
- o Conference "EMIS 2012", 2nd 7th December 2012, Matsue, Japan

Training courses

- Training "Basic vacuum technology", 31st May 2nd June 2011, West Sussex College, Crawley, UK
- o Training "Radiological Protection", 8th April 2011, CERN
- o Training "Communicating effectively", $26^{th} 27^{th}$ March 2012 and $24^{th} 25^{th}$ April 2012, Technoparc Gessien, Saint-Genis Pouilly, France

- o Training "COMSOL Multiphysics", 7th August 2012, Technoparc, Zürich, Switzerland
- o Training "Entrepreneurship for researchers", 3rd 4th November 2011, Holiday Inn hotel, Thoiry, France
- o CERN induction day part 1 and 2, 2nd May and 9th June 2011, CERN
- Training "Rhetoric and presentation skills for CERN guides", 5th May 2011, CERN
- o Training "Itinerary training for CERN guides", 11th May 2011, CERN
- o M.Sc. in Environmental Sciences in distance education mode since May 2011, Open University of Germany, Hagen, Germany
- Training "SM18 visitors itinerary safety instruction for CERN guides", 9th May 2012, CERN
- Training "GLOBE visitors itinerary instruction for CERN guides", 6th June 2012, CERN
- o Training "Self rescue mask", 6th April 2012, CERN
- Training "Pump down time and calculation of conductances", 12th May 2011, CERN
- o Training "Mass spectrometry and partial pressure measurement", 31st May 2011, CERN
- o Training "Introduction to pumping techniques", 13th May 2011, CERN
- o Training "Surface treatments for UHV systems", 16th May 2011, CERN
- o Training "CERN First aider", 27th March 2014, CERN

Outreach activities

- o Official CERN visitors guide since May 2011
- o 1000m runner in Marie Curie Team at CERN relay race 2011
- o Design and procurement of CATHI polo shirts in March 2012
- o Guide during CERN researchers' night on 28. Sept 2012
- o 300m runner in Marie Curie Team at CERN relay race 2013
- o Volunteer for CERN open days 2013, 28. and 29. Sept 2013
- o Trumpet player in CERN Vacuum Group Band "Vacuum Rocks" from 2013 to 2014

Summary of WP7 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D32	TR-CV	Report on similar systems at other facilities	12	Achieved month 24
D33	CDR-CV	Conceptual design of the cooling and ventilation upgrade	24	Achieved month 28
D34	ES-Vac	Vacuum engineering for the ultrahigh vacuum of the SC linac	18	Achieved month 33
D35	CDR-Vac	Vacuum studies for the radio frequency quadrupole cooler and buncher RFQCB	36	Achieved month 33

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M33	ES-HVAC	Engineering specifications of the cooling and ventilation upgrade	36	Achieved month 35
M34	ID-Vac	Identification of the vacuum system requirements	6	Achieved month 12
M35	Proto-Vac	Prototypes and Tests	24	Achieved month 24

Andrea Polato (ESR13) is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE Infrastructure, Integration and Installation working group, of the HIE-ISOLDE Design Study working group and the CERN Ventilation working group where he reports on a regular basis (oral presentations and technical documents).

Mario Armin Hermann (ESR14) is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE Infrastructure, Integration and Installation working group, of the HIE-ISOLDE Cryomodule and HEBT working groups and of the HIE-ISOLDE Design Study working group where he reports on a regular basis (oral presentations and technical documents).

Summary of past meetings

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
22rd January 2012	GANIL, France	50	ESR13: Participation to Spiral 2 week
21-22 nd November 2012	PSI (CH)	15	ESR13: Visit to PSI ventilation and cooling installations
15 th – 16 th April 2013	CEA Cadarache France	5	ESR13: ESS and ITER ventilation issues
12th – 14th July 2011	INFN- LNL, Italy	15	ESR14: Visit to compare ALPI and SPES with HIE-Isolde vacuum (Linac vacuum aspects and operation, Front End vacuum, RFQCB vacuum simulation)
25-27 th September 2011	Warsaw	~100	ESR 14: Marie Curie Researchers Symposium, Warsaw. Representing CATHI. Poster, "ITN CATHI at CERN"
10th – 12th January 2012	GANIL, France	6	ESR14: Visit on Spiral1 vacuum design and operation, as well as Spiral2 vacuum issues related to safety (vacuum layout, equipment choices, gas recuperation, fast valves)
19th - 21st March 2012	INFN- LNL, Italy	3	ESR14: Visit to share knowledge in vacuum simulations for the RFQCB using Molflow+
5-7 December 2012	CERN	10	ESR14: Visit of R. Levallois and P.Dolégiéviez (GANIL) with presentation of Spiral2 vacuum and dedicated discussions on remote manipulation, fast valves, vacuum simulation
4th – 6th February 2013	GANIL, France	6	ESR14: Participation of ESR14 as reviewer, to review of SPIRAL2 vacuum system safety by fast valves
10th – 15th June 2013	GANIL, France	4	ESR14: Visit to GANIL in view of a collaboration on fast valve systems and pressure wave propagation

Documents produced

Title	Type	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
ESR13: Final Report for the works concerning		MINESTORE	month
the back-up tank refilling and drain circuits for			
the GPS and HRS targets of the ISOLDE	Report	-	4
Facility			
ESR13: GANIL/SPIRAL2 visit report	Report	D32	(12) 5
ESR13: INFN/SPES design review report	Report	D32	(12) 11
ESR13: PSI visit report	Report	D32	(12) 13
ESR13: ESS/Lund: design review report on the nuclear ventilation project at ESS	Report	D32	(12) 18
ESR13: Preliminary Design Report on the HIE-	Status		
ISOLDE HVAC system	Report	D33	(24) 14
ESR13: Preliminary Design Report on the HIE-	Status		(2.1)
ISOLDE Cooling system	Report	D33	(24) 14
ESR13: Preliminary Design Report on the	Status	7.22	(0.1) 0.1
MEDICIS Cooling system	Report	D33	(24) 24
ESR13: Preliminary Design Report on the	Status	D22	(24) 24
MEDICIS Pressure specification	Report	D33	(24) 24
ESR13: Preliminary Design Report on the	Status	D22	(24) 24
MEDICIS HVAC system	Report	D33	(24) 24
ESR13: Engineering specifications of the	Report	M33	(36) 34
cooling and ventilation upgrade	•		(30) 34
ESR13: Internship report	Report	I15	(9) 24
ESR13: Training	Report	TC14	(12) 7
ESR14 Report on outgassing measurements of	Report	M35	(24) 6
various survey components	Кероп	10133	(24) 0
ESR14 Report on outgassing measurements	Report	M35	(24) 8
ESA thermal radiation shielding foils			
ESR14 Identification of vacuum requirements	Report	M34	(6) 12
ESR14 Report on outgassing measurements on Andrews radio frequency power cable	Report	M35	(24) 13
ESR14 Report on outgassing measurements on survey ball lenses	Report	M35	(24) 24
ESR14 INFN-LNL visit report, 12-14 July 2011	Report	D34	(18) 4
ESR14 GANIL visit report, 10-12 January 2012	Report	D34	(18) 9
GV TRIUMF visit report, 6-12 February 2012	Report	D34	(18) 10
ESR14 INFN-LNL visit report, 19-21 March 2012	Report	D34	(18) 12
ESR14 Pumping speed measurements of EBARA PDV250 dry pump	Report	M35	(18) 18
ESR14 GANIL visit report, 4-6 February 2013	Report	D34	(18) 22
1 2 3	Poster,	-	
ESR 14 The HIE-ISOLDE Vacuum System	EURO RIB	D34	(18) 13
ESR14 Simulations of the HIE-ISOLDE radio			
frequency quadrupole cooler and buncher	Article	D35	(19) 22
vacuum using the Monte Carlo test particle code Molflow+	NIMB	Dээ	(18) 23

Mario Hermann is co-author of the following publications:

- Speaker on topic of diploma thesis project with title "Socio-economic implications of water scarcity in a peri urban area of Patna, Bihar, India: A case study of Bindtoli", Annual conference of Royal Geographical Society 2011, August 2011, Imperial College, London, UK;
- M. Hermann et al., "ITN CATHI at CERN", Proceedings of Marie Curie Researchers Symposium 2011, , September 2011, Warsaw, Poland;
- M.A. Hermann et al. "The HIE-ISOLDE Vacuum System", Proceedings of EURORIB2012, 20th 25th May 2012, Abano Terme, Italy;
- M. Hermann et al., "Simulations of the HIE-ISOLDE radio frequency quadrupole cooler and buncher vacuum using the Monte Carlo test particle code Molflow+", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 488-491, doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2013.08.061;
- Presentation "ISOLDE vacuum system and vacuum system design for SC Linac of HIE-ISOLDE", INFN-LNL visit, 12th 14th July 2012, Padova, Italy;
- Presentation "Vacuum for HIE-ISOLDE" at vacuum, surfaces and coatings group seminar, 30th September 2011, CERN;
- Presentation "HIE-ISOLDE HEBT vacuum system", technical review meeting for HIE-ISOLDE high energy beam transfer line, 6th July 2012, CERN;
- Presentation "HEBT vacuum requirements", HEBT kick-off meeting, 17th August 2011, CERN;
- Presentation "Vacuum activities for HIE-ISOLDE", CATHI fellows meeting, 13th December 2011, CERN;
- Presentation "How to become a CERN visitors guide", CATHI fellows meeting, 13th December 2011, CERN;
- Presentation "HIE-ISOLDE vacuum activities", HIE-ISOLDE design study open meeting, 21st
 February 2013, CERN;
- Presentation "Experimental study of shock wave propagation due to ambient air inrush into vacuum beam pipe", HIE-ISOLDE workshop 2013, 29th November 2013, CERN.

9. WP8: Radioactive Ion Beam Quality Improvement

Work package number	8	Start date or starting event: Month 12			
Work package title	Radioactive Ion Beams Quality Improvements				
Activity Type	RTD				
Person-months	96 (ESR15: Mathieu Augustin 36 m	onths; ESR16: Carla Babcock 36 months and ER3:			
Person-months	Andrey Shornikov 24 months)				
Associated Partners	JYFI, MPIK, NSCL-MSU, Scientific Magnetics,				
Objectives	The ESRs will acquire the necessary	knowledge and collaborate to the different studies for			
Objectives	the improvements of the radioactive is	on beam quality in both resolution and purity.			
	1. ESR15: Define the functional and	d technical specifications for the production of an off-			
	line separator				
	2. ESR15: Assembly and commissio				
		f a high resolution magnet including the integration of			
	multi-pole corrections				
	4. ESR15: Elaborate the technical specifications and participate in the call for tender for the				
Description of work	procurement in industry				
Description of work	5. ESR16 : Elaborate a functional and conceptual design of a Radio Frequency Quadrupole				
	Cooler and Buncher (RFQCB)				
	6. ESR16: Provide a design for a pre-mass separator and setup a test stand				
	7. ER3: Carry out high-current electron beam simulations in order to establish a viable				
	electron beam design				
	8. ER3: Carry out beam-optics simulation of the A/q-separator connecting the EBIS breeder to the existing linac				
	D36. Specifications for Off-line sep	ereter (ECD15)			
	D37. Full design Report of high resolution magnet (ESR15) D38. Specifications for call for tender (ESR15)				
		uency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher (ESR16)			
		Conceptual Design Report of a Pre-mass separator			
	(ESR16)	consopular 2 stages report of a 110 mass separator			
Deliverables		journal publication on test results (ESR16)			
	1	c field configuration and electron beam design (ER3)			
		n of electron gun, drift tube structures and collector			
	(<u>ER3</u>)	5 ,			
	D44. Final report on magnetic fie	ld, electron beam and ion optics, electron collector			
	design and charge breeding pe	rformance (ER3)			

Main achievements

Beam quality is an important factor for the success of many experiments at HIE-ISOLDE and covers many different aspects. For example, transverse emittance will greatly enhance the selectivity of collinear spectroscopy, bunched beams will simplify and improve injection into other devices such as the REX electron beam ion source, cooled beams will improve ion transport through the complex beam line system at ISOLDE and the improved resolution of mass separation will contribute to better ion beam selectivity.

Off-line separator and high-resolution separator magnet: ISOLDE has now a second operational off-line separator; it will be used for both the testing of prototype targets and eventually provide ion beams for the off-line physics program. The off-line produced its first test beam in October 2013 and is on a good path to completion with the impending comissioning of a bending dipole magnet for mass separation, and later the installation of a Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler Buncher (RFQCB) following the relocation of the off-line in its new premises in early summer 2014.

A new HRS separator magnet design is an important element for the separation of isobaric beams with a mass resolution of up to 20000. **Mathieu Augustin (ESR15)**, embarked on the study of the High Resolution Separator (HRS). Following the technical requirements, a new design has been proposed in

terms of magnet characteristics and beam optics. Advanced numerical simulations regarding the magnet design are currently being carried out for precise definition of magnet specifications. Training:

- CST Particle Studio, April 2013;
- COMSOL Multiphysics Workshop, July 2013;
- CERN EDUSAFE ITN Scientific Writing, October 2013.

RFQ cooler and pre-separator magnet: In parallel to the high-resolution magnet design, the beam quality before mass separation plays a major role towards the high resolution of the separator magnet. The beam should have an emittance of < 3 pi.mm.mrad to be able to achieve a mass resolution of \sim 20000. This can be done using a Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher (RFQBC) prior to injecting the beam into the magnet. However, to minimize space charge effects of the total beam, a pre-separator should be installed prior to beam injection into the RFQBC. Carla Babcock (ESR16), has been leading the design and procurement of the new version of the RFQBC for use on the off-line test stand. New 3D models were updated, quotes were obtained and a delivery schedule was established. Several modifications were proposed by Carla in order to improve the performance of the pumping system. Beam optic simulations were also carried out to understand and improve the injection and extraction electrodes designs. The pre-separator design study was launched in parallel. The RFOCB for HIE-ISOLDE has now been constructed based on the pieces procured during the first year, and is in the process of being wired and having the vacuum systems installed. The improvements previously envisioned during the piece procurement process have been included in the new design, including several developments to the vacuum system and modifications that will allow lasers to enter the RFOCB, opening the door to new physics experiments. Some of these changes have been tested on the existing RFQCB, which has been removed from the beam line in order to adjust it's alignment, change faulty connectors and improve the design of the helium injection system. Work with the existing RFQCB has shed light on problems that may be faced during operation of the new RFQCB. Beam optics simulations have been extended to include all phases of the beam passage through RFOCB, from injection to extraction.

<u>Progress since 1/11/2013</u>: The construction of the new RFQCB has been completed and attention is now focused on preparing the test stand in order to install and benchmark this new piece of equipment. More progress has been made on the new scheme for introducing laser light into the bunching region with the help of experts from the RILIS team. The ISOLDE RFQCB, ISCOOL, has been re-aligned, re-wired and the helium injection system has been completely replaced with a new design. It has been re-installed in ISOLDE and following final upgrades to its high voltage insulators and alignment to the beam line using a RILIS laser, it has been re-commissioned. Challenges encountered during this recommissioning phase have been instrumental in informing the design of the next-generation RFQCB, (which has been outlined in the Design Study Report) and in advancing our understanding of the behaviour of the machine during normal operations. Laser light is clearly visible passing through ISCOOL and laser pumping tests carried out in November were successful, demonstrating that this technique can be applied at ISOLDE.

Secondment (I18):

• Worked on the IGLIS at TRIUMF, Vancouver Canada, 1 June - 30 July 2013.

Training (TC17):

- CERN Communications course, CERN, 21 Nov. 2011;
- Beam Optics Simulation codes CST Microwave Studio course at CERN, April 10-11 2013;
- UK Nuclear Physics Summer School in Bristol, Aug. 27–Sept. 7 2013;
- CV writing and Interview Techniques Course at CERN, Dec. 2-3 2013.

Outreach, Volunteering, Presentations:

- Volunteer for CineGlobe Film Festival, CERN, 29 Mar. 2012;
- Attended Science: It's a Girl Thing conference, Brussels Belgium, 21 June 2012;
- Particiapted in filming of CATHI promotional video, CERN, 13 July 2012;

- Organized Marie Curie poster session for the visit of Ms. Androulla Vassiliou, Commissioner of Education, Culture, Multilingualism and Youth, CERN, 15 Apr. 2013;
- Attended Lunch and Learn Networking Event with Zaber Technologies, Vancouver Canada, 20 May 2013;
- Volunteered for the Expanding Your Horizons Event, Geneva Switzerland, 16 Sept. 2013;
- Organized and attended the iOpener CV writing and interview techniques course for CATHI fellows, CERN, 2-3 Dec. 2013;
- Presented results at the monthly EN-STI Student's Coffee, CERN, 25 Mar. 2014;
- Met with the European Commissioner for Research, CERN, 19 May 2014;
- Lectured on accelerator design at the African School of Physics, Dakar Senegal, 11-21 Aug. 2014;
- Organized and chaired monthly CATHI fellows meetings, CERN

Upgrade of the REXEBIS charge breeder: The present accelerator scheme makes use of a charge-breeder source, but the higher beam intensities anticipated with HIE-ISOLDE and the desire to charge breed heavy elements within a shorter time ask for an upgrade of the present breeding system (REXTRAP and REXEBIS). **Andrey Shornikov (ER3)** is carrying out a performance and suitability evaluation of the different existing options. **Andrey**, started at CERN July 1st 2012 with knowledge transfer and establishing collaborations. In this phase leading EBIS laboratories were visited, and broad panel of experts visited CERN to give us the latest status. A collaboration was established with Brookhaven National Laboratory to take advantage of their preliminary development of a high-performance electron gun (HEC² gun) and infrastructure suitable to test it. The collaboration resulted in the new electron-gun project. The HEC² gun was built at CERN, installed at BNL and brought to test operation by Nov 2013 with active participation of CERN personnel on the BNL site (two visits of total 5 man-months). The tests are ongoing, and the earliest results of 1.5 A at 30 keV make the HEC² gun the most powerful electron gun built with high compression design for an EBIS. Due to extra construction and commissioning duties, the initial scope of the work package was shifted towards testing, rather than pure design. The deliverables now include contributions from R. Mertzig, a PhD student involved in some activities related to the charge breeder project.

After the experiments of 2013 the work was focused on several areas. These include:

- Analysis of limiting factors for the gun design such as sources of loss current and influence of the discharges in the gun region
- Construction of the diagnostics tools for the ion beam characterization such as emittance meter, time of flight mass spectrometer and energy analyzer.
- Drafting the project documentation for the future construction of the charge breeder, such as validation of available infrastructure resources in the ISOLDE hall, planning of the budget for material, manpower and risk management.

At the submission time of this report the status of these tasks is the following:

- With the combination of numeric simulations and experiments at BNL the source of loss current is likely identified. The approach to mitigate these losses benchmarked on the TWINEBIS at CERN by R. Mertzig allowed to increase the electron current by the factor of 2.5 with respect to the original design value.
- Influence of the radial electric field in the gun on the presence of the magnetron discharges and the vacuum conditions in the gun region was demonstrated in experiments on the test bench at BNL. The implemented solution demonstrated successful suppression of the discharges. The same solution is now being adopted by operational machines suffering from this phenomenon (RHIC-EBIS).
- Two diagnostics devices are built at CERN presently on the way to installation and testing
- The project documentation prepared for the CERN "yellow report" on the HIE-ISOLDE Design Study

Secondment (I19):

- Brookhaven National Laboratory and Michigan state university/National Superconducting Cyclotron laboratory (27.08-12.09.2012)
- Brookhaven National Laboratory (14.07-19.08.2013)
- Brookhaven National Laboratory (13.10-18.11.2013)

Training (TC18):

- COMSOL intensive course + electromagnetic module (17-19.09.2012)
- CERN accelerator school, accelerator physics I (28.10-09.11.2012)
- General and professional French course (08.10.2012-14.12.2012)
- CERN accelerator school, superconductivity for accelerators (24.04-04.05.2013)
- CV writing and interview skills (2-3.12.2013)
- PMI project management CAPM/PMP preparation (26-27.03+1-2.04.2014)
- CST Particle Studio (27-28.05.2014)
- Introduction to knowledge transfer tools (09.09.2014)
- Radiation Protection ISOLDE Experimental Hall Handling (22.07.2014)
- Radiation Protection Controlled Area CERN Employees and Associates (16.10.2014)

Summary of WP8 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D36	FS-OLS	Off-line separator specifications	11	Achieved month 15
D37	CDR-HRS	Design report of HRS magnet	18	Achieved month 36
D38*	TS-HRS	HRS magnet specifications	26	Not achieved
D39	CDR-RFQBC	Design report of the RFQ cooler and buncher	18	Achieved month 8
D40*	FDR-RFQBC	Functional design of the next generation of Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher	18	Achieved month 35
D41	FDR-Beam	Upgrade of the Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher for the HIE-ISOLDE Project	36	Achieved month 21
D42	PDR-EBIS	Magnetic field and electron beam preliminary design report	13	Achieved month 23
D43	MDR-EBIS	First order mechanical design report	21	Achieved month 15
D44	FDR-EBIS	Final design report of the magnetic field, electron beam and ion optics, electron collector design and charge breeding performance.	24	Achieved month 27

^{*}Deliverable 38 was not submitted since the work task was not completed by M. Augustin (ESR15).

Status of milestones

Similes O	ntitestottes				
Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status	
M36	INS-OLS	Assembly and commissioning of the off- line separator	36	Achieved month 36	
M37	INS-RFQBC	Construction and assembly of the new RFQCB	24	Achieved month 35	
M38	INS-ISCOL	Upgrade of ISCOOL at ISOLDE	30	Achieved month 36	

^{*}Deliverable 40 was renamed.

M39	BO-EBIS	Evaluation of breeder options	6	Achieved month 8
M40	ST-EBIS	Evaluation report on electron beam simulation tools	10	Achieved month 10
M41	WS-EBIS	HIE-EBIS workshop	19	Achieved month 4

^{*}Milestones 37 and 38 were renamed.

Summary of past and planned meetings

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
7-10.11.2011	Catania	~100	SPES School
9 Jan. 2012 - 16 Mar. 2012	Archamps, FR	~100	Joint University Accelerator School
20-25 Apr. 2012	Albano Terme, Italy	150	EuroRIB Conference
25.05.2012	MPIK	3	Design aspects of Heidelberg -type EBIT
29 May - 8 June 2012	Senec Slovakia	~80	CERN Accelerator School on Ion Sources
17.07.2012	CERN	4	Vacuum challenges of HIE-EBIS
27.08-3.09.2012	BNL	4	RHIC EBIS and Test EBIS at BNL as prototypes for HIE-EBIS
3-11.09.2012	NSCL/MSU	4	ReA3 EBIT as a prototype for HIE EBIS
End of September 2012	CERN	4	Cryogenic aspects of superconducting magnet for HIE-EBIS
16-17.10.2012	CERN	35	Wide expert board meeting on HIE-EBIS
Dec. 2-7 2012	Matsue, Japan	~200	Electro-magnetic isotope separation conference EMIS 2012
17-19 Dec. 2012	CERN	~100	ISOLDE Users Meeting
Feb. 20-22 2013	CERN	•	LA3NET workshop on laser applications
28-29.05.2013	Jyväskylä, Fi	~20	The charge breeder project presented to EURISOL design study community in preparation of ENSAR-2 program grant application to fund the future development beyond CATHI scope
27 Aug 7 Sept. 2013	Bristol UK	~80	UK Nuclear Physics Summer School
Nov. 4-6 2013	Aachen	•	LA3NET Laser Application Workshop
25-27.11.2013	CERN	~100	ISOLDE user meeting, the results of the first operation of the HEC ² gun at BNL are presented to ISOLDE community
Nov. 28-29 2013	CERN	~100	HIE-ISOLDE workshop
18-21.05.2014	MSU, USA	~50	Presenting the HEC2 project to the broad EBIS community on its most important bi-annual meeting. Establishing new collaborations.
September 2014	CEA, Saclay	42	IRFU seminar on the EBIS-charge breeder technology and development at CERN
21-25 Sept. 2014	Barcelona	80	CATHI Final Meeting

Documents produced

TO A		Deliverable /	(Foreseen) achieved
Title	Type	Milestone	month
Specifications of the Off-Line Separator	Report	D36	(11) 15
Design report of the RFQ cooler	Report	D39	(18) 8
Design study of an upgraded charge breeder for		1420	
ISOLDE: Report on breeder options	Report	M39	(6) 8
Evaluation report on electron beam simulation	Damant	M40	(10) 10
software	Report	M40	(10) 10
Report on the HIE-EBIS Workshop	Report	M41	(19) 4
First order mechanical design of electron gun,	Donort	D43	(21) 15
drift tube structures and collector	Report	D43	(21) 15
Description and Results of the ISCOOL	Report		
Alignment Process	Кероп	-	-
Preliminary design report on magnetic field	Report	D42	(13) 23
configuration and electron beam design	Кероп	D42	(13) 23
Upgrade of the Radio Frequency Quadrupole			
Cooler and Buncher for the HIE-ISOLDE	Article	D41	(36) 21
Project			
Travel report on commissioning visit to			
Brookhaven National Laboratory (USA) in the	Report	I19	(11) 16
framework of HEC2 project 13.10-17.11.2013			
Simulations of charge state evolution and the			
trap properties for the charge breeder at HIE-	Report	TC18	(12) 16
ISOLDE			
Design study of laser entry possibilities for the			
radio frequency quadrupole cooler and buncher	Report	-	-
at HIE-ISOLDE			
Final design report of the magnetic field,	ъ.	D 44	(0.4), 0.7
electron beam and ion optics, electron collector	Report	D44	(24) 27
design and charge breeding performance			
Assembly and commissioning of the off-line	Note	M36	(36) 36
separator	D		
ISCOOL wiring description	Report	- D27	(10) 2(
Design report of the HRS magnet	Report	D37	(18) 36
Construction and assembly of the new RFQCB	Report	M37	(24) 35
Upgrade of ISCOOL at ISOLDE	Report	M38	(30) 36
Functional design of the next generation of	Donom	D40	(10) 25
Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and	Report	D40	(18) 35
Buncher Optical Purpoing of 8885 in the Radio			
Optical Pumping of 88Sr in the Radio	Donort		
Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher at ISOLDE	Report	-	-
ISOLDE			

Andrey Shornikov, Mathieu Augustin and Carla Babcock are co-authors of the following publications:

- A. Shornikov et al. "Design Study of an upgraded charge breeder for ISOLDE", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 395-398, DOI: 10.1016/j.nimb.2013.06.030
- R. Catherall et al. "An overview of the HIE-ISOLDE Design Study", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 204-207, DOI: 10.1016/j.nimb.2013.07.030
- A. Shornikov et al. "High Performance Charge Breeder for HIE-ISOLDE and TSR@ISOLDE Applications", submitted to AIP conference proceedings, EBIST'14, (2014), preprint
- A. Pikin et al. "First Test of BNL Electron Beam Ion Source with High Current Density Electron Beam", submitted to AIP conference proceedings, EBIST'14, (2014), preprint
- R. Mertzig et al. "Electron Beam Simulation from Gun to Collector: Towards a Complete Solution", submitted to AIP conference proceedings, EBIST'14, (2014).
- C. Babcock et al., "Upgrade of the Radio Frequency Quadrupole Cooler and Buncher for the HIE-ISOLDE Project", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B, Volume 317, pp 484-487, DOI: doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2013.08.020

10. WP9: General Safety and Radiation Protection

Work package number	9	Start date or starting event: Month 17		
Work package title	General Safety and Radiation Protecti	on Implication Studies		
Activity Type	RTD			
Person-months	34 (ER4: Sandra Giron 24 months;	ESR17 Lelyzaveta Kobzeva 10 months)		
Associated Partners	GANIL and IPN-Orsay			
Objectives	The ER will acquire the necessary knowledge in the radiation protection aspects of the extension of the REX post-accelerator for radioactive ions He will collaborate with the teams in charge of the rebuilding of the target area for allowing a primary beam power between 10 kW and 30 kW – a factor of 3 to 10 above the present beam power at ISOLDE. The ER will also participate actively in the startup of the machine.			
Description of work	Draft parts of the HIE-ISOLDE safety file dealing with radiation protection Provide professional assistance to solving questions of radiation safety Estimate the activation and radiation levels from beam loss of heavy ions Estimate the radiation levels from x-ray emission of RF cavities Apply and monitor the foreseen protection systems Assist in the commissioning of the new machine			
Deliverables	D45. Design report on the shielding D46. Final report on the Estimation waste inventory	of the future post-accelerator of the activation of the machine for the radioactive		

Main achievements

Radiation Protection, as one of the aspects of overall Safety of the planned HIE-ISOLDE facility, is the responsibility of the project management in charge of planning, building and operating the future installation. The mandate of the radiation protection group is to support the decision-making of the HIE-ISOLDE project management in matters of Radiation Protection. For this purpose, the radiation protection group accompanies all design stages of the new project with guidance on applicable rules, and with numerical estimates of radiological impact. It collaborates with the project management in the optimization process. The goal of this process is to converge to technical solutions and administrative procedures ensuring the lowest reasonable radiological impact of the project on workers and the environment (ALARA–principle). The radiation protection group approves the chapters on radiation protection in the Safety File of the facility.

Since March 2012, **SANDRA GIRON** (under the supervision of CERN Radiation Protection group) has accompanied the radiation protection aspects of the extension of the REX post-accelerator for radioactive ions, and collaborated with the teams in charge of the re-design of the target area for allowing a primary beam power between 10 and 15 kW – a factor of 3 to 5 above the present beam power at ISOLDE.

Important milestones have been achieved regarding the shielding of the new post-accelerator, the protection of the new service buildings housing the cryogenics system, cooling and ventilation, and the electrical systems which are in the line of sight of the present HRS beam dump. X-ray emitted by superconducting prototype cavities have been measured both at SM18 at CERN and IPN-Orsay in France, to evaluate the source term of radiations. The shielding design of the future post-accelerator has been designed in close collaboration with the team in charge of the services integration. The geometry has been validated by FLUKA simulations.

The evaluation of secondary radiation fields from heavy ions with E/A = 10 MeV/u (and the shielding against them) is on the critical path of the REX-extension. There is very little experience with this subject at CERN and a collaboration with CEA/IRFU (Saclay, France) has been setup to overcome this. By comparison with ALPI at INFN/Legnaro and ISAC2 at TRIUMF, that are both similar facilities to HIE-ISOLDE, neutron emission has been identified as a secondary risk for future the post-accelerator (after X-rays). The typical ion beams and their associated intensities has been listed to

evaluate ion beam losses and the dose rates expected at Faraday cups and magnetic dipoles outside the shielded enclosure.

Two new potential partners have teamed up in this development namely, TRIUMF research facility in Vancouver, Canada (possibilities for secondment), and CEA/IRFU/LENAC lab in Saclay, France (technical training on particle transport codes). A visit to TRIUMF was organised to retrieve feed-back on the ISAC2 facility. During her secondment at CEA, **SANDRA GIRON** compared the performances of two Monte Carlo transport codes (FLUKA and PHITS) to predict neutron fluxes and radio-isotope production after irradiation of a sample by radioactive beams at low energy.

LELYZAVETA KOBZEVA joined the CATHI General Safety Working Group (WP9) in January 2014. She has been responsible for preparing the Demonstrative Part of the HIE-ISOLDE Safety File. The purpose of this document is to provide an inventory of the hazards related to the HIE-ISOLDE facility. It also provides a detailed assessment of all possible risks caused by these hazards and measures taken to prevent or remove the risk to an acceptable level.

X-rays emitted by superconducting cavities produced in industry were measured at SM18 at CERN in order to evaluate the maximum energy of the emitted electrons thus validating the FLUKA calculations performed by **SANDRA GIRON** for the definition of the HIE-ISOLDE LINAC shielding design. According to the results of X-ray spectrum measurements, the maximum energy of the emitted electrons slightly differs from the expected theoretical due to limitations from positioning of the detector and reduced measurement time.

Following the HIE-ISOLDE Safety Review held on 5th November 2013, it has been recommended to relocate the exhaust from the insulation vacuum safety pressure device to the outside of the SC Linac tunnel in order to prevent any exposure of the operators to a cryogenic hazard. Integration and radiation protection issues required the routing of the safety devices through the top of the tunnel which were validated by FLUKA simulations performed by **LELYZAVETA KOBZEVA**.

Training:

- Certification of radiation protection expert in Switzerland was obtained (2 weeks IRA-Lausanne with examination
- FLUKA course in JLAB (USA);
- NUCLEONICA course;
- PHITS course.

Secondment:

• CEA-Saclay in the context of SPIRAL2.

Summary of WP9 Deliverables and Milestones

Status of deliverables

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
D45	CDR-shield	Design of the shielding of the Post-accelerator	15	Achieved month 21
D46	CDR-waste	Estimation of activation of the machine for the radioactive waste inventory	24	Achieved month 24

Status of milestones

Num	Short name	Description	Planned month	Status
M42*	TN-Codes	HIE-ISOLDE Safety File: Demonstrative Part	3	Achieved month 24
M43	TN-RIBloss	Estimations of beam loss of heavy ions	7	Achieved month 12
M44	TN-XRay	Estimation of radiation levels from x-ray emission of RF cavities and comparison with measurements	11	Achieved month 12
M45*	TN-Dose	Radiation protection study related to the future Post-accelerator of the HIE-ISOLDE project	20	Achieved month 22

^{*}Milestones 42 and 45 were renamed.

Sandra Giron (ER4) is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE Infrastructure, Integration and Installation working group where she reports on a regular basis (oral presentations and technical documents).

Lelyzaveta Khobzeva (ESR17) is a member of the HIE-ISOLDE Safety File Committee and coeditor of the Demonstrative Part.

Documents produced

Title	Type	Deliverable / Milestone	(Foreseen) achieved month
Design of the shielding of the Post-accelerator	Report	D45	(15) 21
Update on the measurements of X-rays emitted by cavities during RF tests at SM18	Report	M44	(11) 21
Publication of the radiation protection study related to the future Post-accelerator of the HIE-ISOLDE project	Report	M45	(20) 22
Estimation of activation of the machine for the radioactive waste inventory	Report	D46	(24) 24
HIE-ISOLDE Safety File: Demonstrative Part	Report	M42	(3) 24

Summary of past and planned meetings

Date	Venue	Attendance	Objective(s)
From month 2	CERN	every 2 weeks	HIE-ISOLDE integration meetings
April 2012	JLab	7	FLUKA training course
2012	-	-	People 2012 Marie Curie Conference
December 2012	GANIL	3	Visit of the SPIRAL2 future facility
February 2013	INFN Legnaro	7	Participation to ALPI conditioning in Legnaro and discuss RP issues

April 2013	IPN Orsay	7	X-ray measurements at HIE-ISOLDE prototypes cavity
June 2013	Aix en Provence	7	Neutron and Ion Dosimetry symposium (NEUDOS)
June 2013	NEA	7	PHITS training course
November 2013	CERN	35	HIE-ISOLDE Safety Review
November 2013	CERN	110	Presentation of the technical aspects of the HIE-ISOLDE project
January 2014	CEA	1	Secondment: comparison on different transport codes for target activation by a ion beam at low energy + benchmarking
February 2014	CERN	23	EN Department Technical meeting: Follow-up of the HIE-ISOLDE Safety Review
September 2014	Barcelona	80	CATHI Final Meeting

Publication

S. Giron et al., Radiation Protection Study related to the future post-accelerator of the HIE-ISOLDE project, Radiation Protection Dosimetry 2013, doi:10.1093/rpd/nct297